

# DIRECTORY

## DISASTER MANAGEMENT EXHIBITION - 2011

*Venue*

University of Peshawar

*Dates*

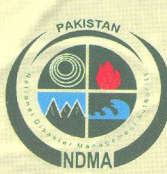
20 – 21 April, 2011

### ORGANIZERS

Centre for Disaster Preparedness and Management,  
University of Peshawar, Pakistan

National Disaster Management Authority, Pakistan

United Nations Development Program, Pakistan





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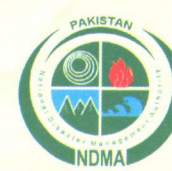
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Compiled by:

**Mushtaq Ahmad Jan**

Event Coordinator

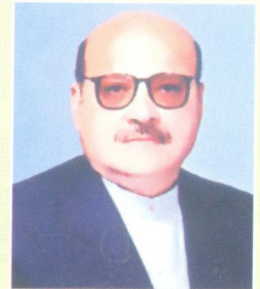
**Shah Nawaz Khan**

Co-coordinator

Disaster Management Exhibition - 2011

## MESSAGE FROM THE VICE CHANCELLOR

Pakistan has been a frequent victim of natural and human induced disasters since its inception, which is mainly because of its diverse natural and physical environment. This diversity is a blessing of Allah, the Almighty, which makes this country the custodian of variety of natural resources. This diversified environment, however, is also a challenge and threat as it may also give birth to a variety of natural disasters such as Earthquake, Floods, Landslides and Drought etc. There have been several episodes of these multiplicities of disasters in the country over the past sixty years. Recently, in 2010, the country has been struck by the worst ever floods of its history. The flood spread over almost the entire country and affected almost every part of the world. These floods, which hit the country in the summer of 2010, left our homeland suffering loss of property and livestock worth billions of U.S. dollars. Among 141 districts of the country, 78 were seriously affected by these floods and cost almost two thousand human lives. It has not been the only incident causing serious threats to the lives and property of the people, but a series of such unpleasant and deadlier disasters have been observed in Pakistan during the past decade. Amongst these disasters, the deadliest causing the most casualties was the earthquake of 2005, which claimed around 73,000 innocent lives. In brief, there seems to be no early end to our miseries, trials and tribulations.



In presence of these recurring tragedies, the educated community of Peshawar University felt obliged to expense resources and respond effectively to these calamities. It was realized that it would be injustice to let the disaster claim colossal loss of life and property. I strongly believe that we can evolve strategies and a knowledge-based response to mitigate the risk of such natural disasters. These strategies may reduce the impacts and save the lives of millions of innocent people at risk.

Indeed, it is a great pleasure to see CDPM, organizing such a grand event in the University of Peshawar. I hope that all the participants and exhibitors will make it big in terms of exposure and awareness. I welcome all the participants both from government and non-government organizations and institutions whose participation made this event a milestone in the field. I am also grateful to the National Disaster Management Authority and the United Nations Development Program whose collaboration and support made the Disaster Management Exhibition-2011 possible.

**Prof. Dr. Azmat Hayat Khan**

Vice Chancellor

University of Peshawar



## MESSAGE FROM THE DEAN

It is matter of satisfaction and pleasure for me that the newly established and pioneering institution of our faculty, the Centre for Disaster Preparedness and Management, University of Peshawar offers exclusive academic programmes in the field of disaster management. Besides, it also organizes a diverse range of advocacy events comprising of exhibitions, conferences, symposia and seminars etc. As a consequence of its comprehensive and collaborative efforts, this Centre has developed expectations of overcoming a variety of challenges in the days to come! I take this opportunity to urge all those involved in the management of this Centre to make sure that quality education and training in multidisciplinary aspects of disaster preparedness and management is provided.



The "Disaster Management Exhibition" being organized by this Centre for the third time, is an important step forward towards achieving the goals. Attraction of numerous experts from academia and organizations is a clear signal that "we" are not only interested but capable also to take care of the challenges faced by the society. However, in the long run the role of leadership cannot be ignored! I hope that both professionals and the leadership of the province will join hands towards creating awareness and finding ways and means for minimizing the effects of disasters. It is important because hazardous effects of a variety of physical process are harmful for human life, and are further aggravated by the anthropogenic activities. In the past such hazardous effects have led to the extinction of certain species, but we, being thinking individuals, shall manage our survival for a longer time and with an ever improving life style. I congratulate the Director, CDPM and his team for organizing such events so frequently and pray for the fulfillment of the expectations attached with the CDPM. I am thankful to participating organizations in the Disaster Management Exhibition 2011 and pray for its success.

**Prof. Dr. Farrukh Hussain**  
Dean

Faculty of Life and Environmental Sciences  
University of Peshawar, Pakistan

## MESSAGE FROM THE DIRECTOR CDPM

Pakistan, in the global context, is one of the hard hit nations of both the natural calamities and man-made disasters. Being an immediate neighbour of Afghanistan, Pakistan in general and the province of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa in particular, have suffered hugely because of foreign invasions on Afghanistan and the subsequent influx of millions of refugees and all sorts of terrorism and violence since 1979. On the other hand the increasing risks of disasters, collateral destructions and casualties have undone the country to a greater extent as well.



Ecological changes caused by the global warming, fluctuation of glaciers, rapid deforestation, erosion and unprecedented population explosion are among the salient factors that are strongly escalating the risk of numerous disasters such as river and flash floods, landslides, famine and drought etc. One of the most recent examples of such a tragedy is the Floods-2010. The Floods-2010 have been the worst in Pakistan's documented history. It has been estimated that the Floods-2010 caused a total damage of US\$ 9.5 billion, which is one fourth ( $1/4^{\text{th}}$ ) of the country's financial outlay for the year 2010-11. The damage estimates have revealed that Floods-2010 have surpassed the three major disasters of 21<sup>st</sup> century, which are Indian Ocean Tsunami of 2004, Pakistan's Earthquake of 2005 and Haiti's Earthquake of 2010.

Keeping in view the frequency and damages of disasters in the region, one can readily point out that capacity level is too low especially with reference to DRR education, which has not been given due priority in policy and decision making. Nevertheless, I feel content to state that there are a number of institutions, which are working positively in the field of disaster management. With the grace of Allah, the Almighty, the Centre for Disaster Preparedness and Management (CDPM) is one amongst the pioneering institutions, which besides its own mandated tasks of teaching and research is working appreciably to create awareness amongst the professionals and the common masses in order to build resilient communities.

It is my proud privilege to announce that CDPM in collaboration with National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) and UNDP, Pakistan is organizing the 3<sup>rd</sup> Disaster Management Exhibition-2011 in the University of Peshawar. The



basic aim of this exhibition is to sensitize and create awareness among the general public, civil society and key stakeholders about disaster preparedness and management. Hopefully this exhibition will coordinate the services and activities of relevant departments and organizations working in the field of disaster management. It will also provide an opportunity for different stakeholders to share ideas and exchange information for the welfare and benefit of poor disaster hit communities. It is a matter of common observation that our beloved country in general and our beautiful province of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa in particular, is suffering from variety of natural calamities and man-made disasters. I strongly believe that if the federal and provincial governments of this country, international donor organizations, civil society and academic institutions pool up all their resources and efforts they would be able to reduce damages from disasters, and hence play pivotal role in ending up miseries, trials and tribulations of the nation.

It is really a special blessing of Allah, the Almighty that the CDPM in a short span of time has to its credit the initiation of multifarious events of national and international repute. All this is a team work and the credit goes to all the members of my team. I am thankful to all members of the organizing committee who worked day and night with dedication and enthusiasm to make this event a success. I am particularly grateful to the whole-hearted and sincere support of NDMA and UNDP, Pakistan without whom organizing this event would have been difficult. Lastly, my special and sincere thanks go to all the government and non-government organizations for actively participating in this event.

**Prof. Dr. Amir Nawaz Khan**

Director

Centre for Disaster Preparedness and Management  
University of Peshawar

## MESSAGE FROM THE CHAIRMAN NATIONAL DISASTER MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY, PAKISTAN

Pakistan is a disaster prone country inheriting various types of disasters. Kashmir Earthquake 2005, Yemyin Cyclone 2007, Floods 2008, Quetta Earthquake 2008, Phet Cyclone 2010, and unprecedented Floods 2010 etc are the glaring illustrations. Pakistan's foot prints on global map make her extremely prone to a variety of risks. On one side, the northern parts of the country are prone to earthquake, landslides, flash/river flooding, snow avalanches and GLOFs while the south, south western and eastern parts of the country are prone to drought, heat waves, tsunami, tropical cyclone, earthquake and flash flooding etc. On top of that, the human induced disasters together with natural disasters have caused human losses and badly affecting the economy of the country.



The Government of Pakistan in collaboration with partner organizations and donors is committed to build a disaster prepared country to respond to such disasters through various disaster risk management activities.

In this regard, the NDMA has identified nine priority areas of action under its National Disaster Risk Management Framework (NDRMF). NDMA is extensively engaged in sensitizing all stakeholders in order to create disaster resilient communities.

DRM exhibition and training organized by the Centre for Disaster Management and Preparedness is a step towards awareness raising and sharing of the expertise with sister organizations. I hope the exhibition will attract the stakeholders including government departments, architects, engineers, universities, collages, schools, media, private sector, rescue agencies and general public to visit the exhibition and learn the best practices existing in Pakistan. I hope this exhibition will generate appropriate and significant outcomes.

**Lt Gen (R) Nadeem Ahmed**

Chairman  
NDMA, Pakistan



## MESSAGE FROM COUNTRY DIRECTOR UNDP

Pakistan is prone to a plethora of natural hazards due to its diverse terrain and broad geographic spectrum. A significant area of the country faces high risk of earthquakes. Droughts, and rainfall induced flooding are recurring phenomena across the country. Pakistan's hilly regions are exposed to landslides, GLOF and snow avalanches, whereas the coastal line is particularly vulnerable to cyclones, tropical storms and tsunamis.



The devastation caused by the recent floods of 2010 has reiterated the need for creating effective public awareness among all stakeholders on disaster risk reduction, preparedness and mitigation

In this regard, United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) through One UN Disaster Risk Management Joint Programme is supporting National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) Pakistan to create a culture of disaster mainstreaming amongst the decision makers, service providers and civil society throughout the country.

I am pleased that the Centre for Disaster Preparedness and Management, University of Peshawar has taken the initiative in promoting research and case studies to provide hands-on training and degrees in the fields of disaster prevention/mitigation and management.

I am hopeful that the "Disaster Management Exhibition-2011" will help in knowledge transfer and promote and replicate the good work done by a wide range of organizations on Disaster Risk Reduction.

**Toshihiro Tanaka**  
Country Director  
UNDP, Pakistan

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## CENTRE FOR DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGEMENT, UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR

**Contact Person:**

Prof. Dr. Amir Nawaz Khan

**Address:**

Centre for Disaster Preparedness and Management, STC Building, University of Peshawar

**Telephone Number:**

091-5853536

**Fax No:**

091-5840348

**Email Address:**

[nawaz57@yahoo.com](mailto:nawaz57@yahoo.com)

### Introduction:

Established with a vision to contribute towards national integration and consolidation and help overcome the sense of forlornness and alienation in vulnerable communities, the Centre for Disaster Preparedness and Management (CDPM) is efficiently playing its due role in research, training and education the field of Disaster Management. The CDPM, which was inaugurated by the worthy Chancellor of the University of Peshawar and Governor of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP), the then NWFP, is the first of its kind in the public sector of Pakistan. Mandated for disaster education, research and policy advice to government, the pioneering CDPM is readily moving ahead in the field.

The CDPM has initiated the country's first ever academic programme regarding disaster management in the shape of a postgraduate diploma in Disaster Preparedness and Management (DPM), which is overwhelmed by the academicians and professionals working in the field. The CDPM is also aiming at the launch of B.Sc. (4 Years), M.Sc., M.Phil. and Ph.D., which will be more advanced and highly specialized in nature.

Having the belief that no single organization could work efficiently for development in isolation, the CDPM has been focusing on the establishment of linkages with a variety of national and international organizations and other line agencies since its establishment. In this connection, the CDPM has developed appreciable working relations with a number of organizations of sound repute, namely the German



Technical Cooperation (GIZ); International Centre for Integrated Mountain Development (ICIMOD); National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA), Pakistan; Provincial Disaster Management Authority, KP; Rescue 1122, KP; Asian Universities Network for Environment and Disaster Management (AUEDM), Japan; Asian Disaster Preparedness Centre (ADPC), Thailand; Asian Disaster Reduction Centre (ADRC), Japan; SAARC Disaster Management Centre (SDMC), India; Disaster and Development Centre (DDC), University of Northumbria, UK; and Intercooperation (IC), Pakistan etc. As a result of these relationships, the CDPM has been able to organize advocacy events of different levels starting from the ones aimed at the common masses up to those dealing with policy and decision makers. Amongst these the prominent are the Disaster Management Exhibitions (the DMEs), which have been organized consecutively for three times in 2009, 2010 and 2011. In addition to this the CDPM, organized two International Disaster Management Conferences (the IDMCs) successively in 2009 and 2010.

Based on the performance of CDPM since its establishment, it is envisaged that it would Inshallah serve as a lynchpin and coordinate the services of relevant disciplines and the guidance of the sensitive and responsive stakeholders.

#### Objectives:

- To impart training and transfer knowledge to the faculty, students, staff of the relevant departments and selected citizens in disaster risk reduction, preparedness, management and mitigation.
- To develop qualified human resource base in the subject
- To produce knowledge base on disasters in Pakistan
- To help in reducing the impacts of disasters on people and their properties
- To provide policy guidelines for the line agencies in Disaster Preparedness and Management
- To develop Client Server Web based application for Planners and Researchers.

#### Mission:

“Our Commitment is to equip man with the knowledge and skills to minimize the damages and miseries of disasters”

#### Regular Faculty:

- **Prof. Dr. Amir Nawaz Khan**  
Director, CDPM, University of Peshawar (UOP)
- **Mr. Amjad Ali**  
Lecturer, CDPM, UOP
- **Kamal Ahamd**  
Lecturer, CDPM, UOP
- **Mushtaq Ahmad Jan**  
Lecturer, CDPM, UOP
- **Shah Nawaz Khan**  
Lecturer, CDPM, UOP

#### Visiting Faculty:

- **Prof. Dr. Mahmood-ul-Hasan**  
Institute of Geography & URP, UOP
- **Prof. Dr. Muhammad Arif**  
Dept. of Geology, UOP
- **Maj. General Dr. Farrukh Seir**  
Principal, Wah Medical College, Wah Cantt
- **Mr. Ahmad Kamal**  
Member (DRR), NDMA, Pakistan
- **Mr. Syed Mushtaq Ali Shah**  
Director, RMC, PMD, Peshawar
- **Dr. Atta-ur-Rehman**  
Institute of Geography & URP, UOP
- **Dr. Irum Irshad**  
Dept. of Psychology, UOP
- **Dr. Zulfiqar Ali**  
Institute of Geography & URP, UOP



**Expected Foreign Faculty:**

- **Dr. Andrew Collins**  
Director, DDC, University of Northumbria, UK
- **Rajib Shaw**  
Associate Prof. Graduate School of Global Environmental Studies, Kyoto University, Japan
- **Prof. Dr. Alexander Siedschlag**  
Director for European Security Studies, Wels, Austria
- **Prof. Dr. Muhammad Aslam**  
HEC, Foreign Professor

**Linkages:**

CDPM has academic linkages, advisory support and financial assistance with a variety of organizations and Institutions at national as well as international level.

- National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA), Pakistan
- Provincial Disaster Management Authority (PDMA), KP
- FATA Disaster Management Authority (FDMA), Pakistan
- German Technical Cooperation (GIZ)
- Asian Disaster Preparedness Center (ADPC), Thailand
- University of Keil, Germany
- Disaster and Development Centre (DDC), University of Northumbria, UK
- University of Kiel, Germany
- Asian Universities Network for Environment and Disaster Management (AUEDM), Japan
- SAARC Disaster Management Centre (SDMC), New Delhi, India
- BRAC University, Dhaka, Bangladesh
- Asian Disaster Reduction Center, Japan

## NATIONAL DISASTER MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY (NDMA)

**Contact Person:** Falak Nawaz  
**Address:** Prime Minister's Secretariate, Islamabad  
**Telephone Number:** +92 51 2652840  
**Fax No.** +92 51 2652536  
**Email Address:** [falak.nawaz@undppartners.org.pk](mailto:falak.nawaz@undppartners.org.pk)

**Introduction**

Pakistan is vulnerable to disaster risks from a range of hazards including avalanches, cyclones/storms, droughts, earthquakes, epidemics, floods, glacial lake outbursts, landslides, pest attacks, river erosion and tsunami. Human induced hazards that threaten the country include transport, industrial, oil spills, urban and forest fires, civil conflicts and internal displacements of communities due to multiple factors. High priority hazards in terms of their frequency and scale of impact are:- earthquakes, droughts, flooding, Wind Storms and Landslides that have caused widespread damages and losses in the past.

A reactive, emergency response approach has remained the predominant way of dealing with disasters in Pakistan till now. The Calamity Act of 1958 was mainly concerned with organizing emergency response. A system of relief commission rate at provincial level was established. An Emergency Relief Cell (ERC) in the Cabinet Secretariat was responsible for organizing disaster response by the federal government. The awareness of policy makers, media, civil society, NGOs, UN agencies and other stakeholders remained low about disaster risk management and the Country as a whole lacked a systematic approach towards disaster risk management.

The loss of life and property and the challenges that were faced in the aftermath of October 2005 earthquake affecting Azad Jammu and Kashmir and the NWFP province exhibited the need for establishing appropriate policy and institutional arrangements to reduce losses from disasters in future.



The need for strong institutional and policy arrangements has been fulfilled with the promulgation of National Disaster Management Ordinance, 2006. Under the Ordinance the National Disaster Management Commission (NDMC) has been established under the Chairmanship of the Prime Minister as the highest policy making body in the field of disaster management. As an executive arm of the NDMC, the National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) has been made operational to coordinate and monitor implementation of National Policies and Strategies on disaster management.

The new system envisages a devolved and de-centralized mechanism for disaster management. Accordingly, Provincial Disaster Management Commissions (PDMCs) and Authorities (PDMAAs) have been established while similar arrangements have been made in AJ&K and Northern Areas. The District Disaster Management Authorities (DDMAAs) have been notified across the country. The DDMAAs are going to be the linchpin of the whole system and would play the role of the first line of defense in the event of a disaster.

The National Disaster risk Management Framework has been formulated to guide the work of entire system in the area of disaster risk management. It has been developed through wide consultation with stakeholders from local, provincial and national levels. The Framework identifies National Strategies and Policies for disaster management. Nine priority areas have been identified within this framework to establish and strengthen policies, institutions and capacities over the next five years: These include:-

1. Institutional and legal arrangements for DRM
2. Hazard and vulnerability assessment.
3. Training, education and awareness.
4. Disaster risk management planning.
5. Community and local level programming.
6. Multi-hazard early warning system.
7. Mainstreaming disaster risk reduction into development.
8. Emergency response system, and
9. Capacity development for post disaster recovery.

The NDMA has already embarked upon a five year development program to implement the above nine priority areas. For the purpose, the NDMA in collaboration with international donor agencies, has already secured commitments for the provision of 58 million dollars.

### **Achievements by the NDMA**

1. The NDMA has been instrumental in getting the Provincial/Regional Disaster Management Commissions (PDMCs) and Provincial/Regional Disaster Management Authorities (PDMAAs) notified in the four provinces, AJ & K and NAs. Likewise, on persuasion by the NDMA, District Disaster Management Authorities (DDMAAs) have also been notified in all Provinces, AJ & K and NAs.
2. National Disaster Risk Management Framework (NDRMF) has been formulated and put into force by the NDMA, wherein roles and guidelines for all stakeholders for the implementation of National Strategies and Policies on disaster management have been spelt out.
3. An initiative on National Composite Risk Assessment has been launched in collaboration with the World Bank to develop National Hazard Atlas for Pakistan, formulate National Response Plan and establish National Emergency Operations Centre (NEOC), as envisaged under the NDRMF.
4. The NDMA has provided technical assistance to the PDMAAs of the four provinces, State Disaster Management Authority of AJ & K (SDMA), and Northern Area Disaster Management Authority (NADMA) for developing Provincial / Regional Disaster Management Plans.
5. As required under the National Disaster Management Ordinance, 2007, National Disaster Management Fund has been created under the NDMA. The fund is to be utilized towards meeting the expenses for Emergency Preparedness, Response, Mitigation, Relief and Reconstruction.



6. Mainstreaming of Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) into development projects as envisaged under the Framework is being given foremost priority by the NDMA. For this purpose, a National Working Group comprising the NDMA, Planning Commission, Ministry of Housing and Works, Ministry of Water and Power, Ministry of Industries and Special Initiatives and NESPAK has been formed to workout strategies in this regard.
7. Three specialized Urban Search & Rescue Teams (USAR), equipped with state of the art equipment and staff trained on international standards, are being raised in Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad in collaboration with City District Governments and CDA. Training of manpower is in hand through the sponsorship of donors.
8. Under the Program for Enhancing Emergency Response (PEER) in collaboration with the USAID, the NDMA has implemented 23 training courses with the aim to strengthen disaster response capacities, strengthen institutions and establish a coordinated network for emergency and medical response. The PEER trainings are focused on Medical First Responders Courses, Collapsed Structure Search and Rescue and Hospital Preparedness for Emergencies. A total of 449 personnel have so far been trained under the PEER Training Programme
9. In order to raise awareness and sensitize the relevant stakeholders, the NDMA has been arranging seminars, workshops and training programs. Recently, a DRR Workshop was organized for the DCOs of 40 most vulnerable districts.
10. The NDMA is coordinating with Ministry of Education to ensure that disaster management becomes part of the Curricula of the educational institutions by the academic session 2009. Likewise, to raise awareness among the civil servants, the NDMA is striving to have the Curricula of National School of Public Policy revised to incorporate disaster management.

11. As one of the mitigation and prevention initiatives, the NDMA is negotiating with donors for construction of raised platforms/cyclone shelters in the coastal areas of Badin and Thatta for the vulnerable communities. Similarly, in collaboration with Karakoram International University, a research project has been initiated to mitigate the effects of Glacial Lake Outbursts (GLOF) in Northern Areas.
12. National Contingency Plan to deal with future disasters has been developed by the NDMA and circulated to all stakeholders for implementation. Like wise, Winter Contingency Plan for all Provinces and Cyclone Contingency Plan for Karachi City have been prepared and circulated to all concerned for implementation. Meanwhile, Chemical/Industrial Contingency Planning guidelines are at the final stage of preparation.
13. The Cyclone (Yamine) and the resultant heavy rains and floods in various parts of Sindh & Balochistan in June 2007, particularly in the coastal region caused losses to life and property. However, due to the early warning issued by the National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA), the Provincial Government and other relevant authorities restrained the fishermen from going into the high seas, evacuated people from the vulnerable locations along the coastal regions and geared up the local authorities in advance to deal with the imminent disaster. As a result the casualties remained on the lower side as compared with the magnitude of the disaster and the response to the calamity was prompt and efficient. Post flood relief operation was coordinated and implemented by NDMA, successfully.
14. The NDMA has also made arrangements for the provision of relief items to the Internally Displaced People (IDPs) of Swat and Bajur.
15. Apart from carrying out disaster management activities within the country, the NDMA is also mandated to coordinate international relief activities on the directions of the Federal



Government. In this regard, the NDMA made arrangements for the provision of relief assistance to the disaster affected countries of Sri Lanka, Myanmar, Indonesia and Bangladesh. Recently, on the directions of the Prime Minister, the NDMA made arrangements for the provision of relief assistance to the earthquake affected areas of Gansu Province in China. The relief assistance included 25,000 tents, 500 blankets, 1000 plastic made, 04 metric tons of medicines, 03 metric tons of mineral water and 28 members Army Medical Team

## ACTED: AGENCY FOR TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT

**Contact Person:** Saad Rabbani  
**Address:** House No. 5, St. # 29, F-7/1, Islamabad.  
**Telephone Number:** +92 51 2653035  
**Fax No.** +92 51 2653037  
**Email Address:** [saad.rabbani@acted.org](mailto:saad.rabbani@acted.org)

### Who we are

ACTED is an international non-governmental organization, non-political, non-confessional and not for profit with headquarters in Paris, France. ACTED's mission is to contribute to poverty reduction worldwide and in times of crisis, to provide a humanitarian service adapted to the needs of the most vulnerable and targeted to the most underserved by government services and international efforts. ACTED is committed to the LRRD (Linking Relief Rehabilitation and Development) principles, ensuring its presence both in the emergency, rehabilitation and development phase.

### What we do

ACTED has been present in Pakistan since 1993 and during this time has developed extensive experience in programmes focusing on emergency response (through distributions of shelter, food, household and hygiene NFIs), local governance (in particular community mobilization and CBO creation and empowerment), livelihoods support (including support to income generation and diversification initiatives, agriculture and vocational training), community based infrastructure rehabilitation and construction (including transitional and core shelters, water supply system, sanitation facilities, disaster mitigation works, feeder roads and bridges), health and hygiene (health & hygiene promotion, support to community health worker) as well as Monitoring & Evaluation and GIS mapping support to a wide range of stakeholders in Pakistan. ACTED has been a contributor to the relief efforts following the earthquake of 2005 and in response to the IDP crisis in 2009 in KPK, focusing on WASH, shelter, food and livelihood support



for the most vulnerable IDPs and host communities and supported the return process to Swat and Lower Dir. ACTED was the first INGO to provide relief to the vulnerable communities in Lal Qila in Lower Dir. Support to IDPs and conflict affected communities, had then evolved into community restoration projects in Dir and agricultural support programmes in Nowshera, Peshawar and Swabi. All projects were community-based, with ACTED implementing directly and through CBOs and other community groups.

### 2010-2011 Flood Response

Through completed and ongoing flood-assistance projects, ACTED has assisted a total of 2,736,176 individuals and will have achieved the following results through direct implementation by the end of the emergency response:

- 16,500 MT of food distributed to 33,000 households for 5 consecutive months
- 1,950 transitional shelters built
- 24,900 NFI and emergency shelters distributed
- 31,517 hygiene kits distributed
- 2,976 one room shelters constructed
- 1,539 WASH infrastructure rehabilitated or constructed
- 491,355 men/days of Cash for Work
- 281 large infrastructure works undertaken, including diversion walls and irrigation channels

ACTED is also a major partner of the FAO seeds distributions, with 20,161 MT of wheat, vegetable seeds and fertilizer and a caseload of 100,000 households in DG Khan, Mianwali and Dir. ACTED's total flood-assistance funding in Pakistan comes to **\$25,630,000**.

### Continuum strategy

Given ACTED's commitment to the Linking Relief Rehabilitation and Development principles, ACTED is continuing to support conflict- and flood-affected populations as they shift from the emergency into early recovery. In particular ACTED will work in the following sectors:

- Local governance, through the creation & empowerment of CBOs and capacity building

- Improving Access to Basic Services (water, sanitation, health and education), through
- rehabilitation of community infrastructure and training
- Sustainable livelihoods, including food security and agriculture support, improving access to extension services, quality inputs and affordable micro-finance, vocational training and income generating activities.
- DRR and environmental mainstreaming.

ACTED will priorities 3 geographical areas in its future work: **(1) KPK**, working with conflict and flood affected communities in addition to providing support to IDPs, Afghan refugees and host areas, **(2) FATA**, supporting the return process, and **(3) Punjab and Sindh** to support the recovery process for affected communities.



## ALFALAH DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION (ADF)

**Contact Person:** Mohammad Alamzeb  
**Address:** D-2, 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, Town Centre, Abdara Road, University Town Peshawar  
**Telephone Number:** 091-5853420  
**Email Address:** malamzeb.khan@yahoo.com

Alfalah Development Foundation (ADF) is a non-profit non-governmental organization (NGO). It has been actively fulfilling its social responsibility in the development sector since October 2005 until it got registered in July 2008 under the Voluntary Social Welfare Agencies (Registration & Control) Ordinance 1961 with Social Welfare Department NWFP. The organization has been carrying out a wide range of initiatives such as monitoring and evaluation training, capacity building of volunteers on various social development concepts, project planning & implementation, youth empowerment, skills development, streamlining out-of-school children towards education, health & hygiene promotion, clean drinking water schemes, psychosocial support, medical camps, forestation, etc. ADF has a mandate to work all over Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

### Vision:

ADF's vision is to provide the communities with a platform of outstanding quality, sustainable, cost effective and valuable mechanisms for social development.

### Mission:

Our mission is to engage local youth for prioritizing problems in target area through expert opinion and find out their solutions by providing or/and arranging resources.

### Aims & Objectives:

1. To Mobilize youth and organize a pool of empowered youth especially women
2. To enhance community awareness on various social issues, duties and rights

3. To participate in emergency relief/rehabilitation, awareness raising and other development initiatives
4. To provide quality services to schools for effective classroom management and monitoring
5. To provide & enhance vocational and technical skills training of women/men for improved livelihood options through decent & gainful employment
6. To provide quality services of research, project planning & design, monitoring and evaluation to civil society organizations

### Core Competencies:

ADF staff members and executive volunteer members have established expertise and are the core competencies of the organization. The organization is basically drawing strengths from its members in the following areas:

1. Education, School & classroom management, pedagogical monitoring
2. Social Mobilization for awareness and advocacy
3. Empowerment through Skills development (including life skills)
4. Clean drinking water supply
5. Health & hygiene promotion
6. Community based Climate Change Adaptation
7. Emergency relief and rehabilitation
8. Project Planning and Designing, management and Monitoring & Evaluation
9. Post evaluation of social development sector projects

Conducting Research i.e. population studies, baseline surveys, need assessment surveys.



## ALKHIDMAT FOUNDATION

**Contact Person:** Muhammad Waseem  
**Address:** 42-A, the Mall, Peshawar Cantt:  
**Telephone Number:** +92 91 5262296  
**Fax No.** +92 91 5262298  
**Email Address:** [alkhidmat\\_foundation@hotmail.com](mailto:alkhidmat_foundation@hotmail.com)

Al-Khidmat Foundation Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Pakistan is a registered welfare community based organization working for the uplift of community through community participation. Specific areas of involvement are education, health, emergency relief in war and natural disasters, and general welfare.

The main focus of Al-Khidmat Foundation is on relief activities in any natural and man-made disasters and to provide relief to the affected people and assist in their rehabilitation to the best possible extent.

The organization is also striving for sustainable development of the poor community.

The organization is successful in achieving its targets by maintaining 32 health projects, 36 educational and vocational institutions in the poverty ridden areas, providing best possible relief to the locals as well as Afghan Refugees in term of basic needs of life. Basically the organization strives for overall human development, covering almost all aspect of relief entails to human uplift socially and economically. Besides the above mentioned projects the organization is providing basic necessities of life to the prisoners and war affected people.

Al-Khidmat Foundation is registered with government of Pakistan under the societies Act of 1860 and is also declared tax exempted organization by Government of Pakistan.

Following are the major areas where Al-Khidmat Foundation has focused for achieving goal of service to humanity:

- Emergency Relief & Rehabilitation
- Education & Orphan Support
- Skill Development
- Health Services
- Drinking Water Projects
- Prisoners Relief
- Micro Finance Program

## AID FOR REFUGES AND ORPHANS (ARO)

**Contact Person:** Ghulam Murtaza  
**Address:** F-27, Khushal Khan Khattak Road, University Town, Peshawar.  
**Telephone Number:** +92 91 5702969  
**Fax No.** +92 91 5701089  
**Email Address:** [admin@aropk.org](mailto:admin@aropk.org)

ARO is a charitable non-profit organization founded on March 2009 under the society Act 1860 of government of Pakistan. ARO primary focus is to serve the needs of Pakistani society, particularly the needs of poor or marginalized groups. Areas of services include:-

- Health, provision of medical care to those who not have adequate access to it
- Education for those who lack it
- Job skill training for those who lack a skill to earn a living
- Different social problem
- Meeting basic needs during crises

To meet the above needs, ARO plan and implement projects aimed at improving the well-being of the group's targeted. All projects are run according to international standards of openness and accountability. All projects are periodically evaluated for effectiveness in meeting stated goals and for wise use of resources available.

Donation or other forms of financial assistance from private, government, foreign agencies or any other persons are received for the promotion of any objective of the society.

ARO works in cooperative with government official at all levels. All activities are run in accordance with all government applicable laws and regulation.



## CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE FOR RURAL DEVELOPMENT (CERD)

**Contact Person:** Khan Muhammad  
**Address:** House No. 27, A Jamal-ud-in Afghani Road,  
 Near Momin Khan Mosque, University Town  
 Peshawar  
**Telephone Number:** +92 -91-5851801-2  
**Fax No.** +92-91-5851801-2  
**Email Address:** [k2\\_muhammad@yahoo.com](mailto:k2_muhammad@yahoo.com)

### Introduction:

Centre of Excellence for Rural Development (CERD) is the continuation of Lachi Poverty Reduction Program (LPRP), which was designed to improve the livelihood of over 254,000 people in the southern districts of NWFP.

The project was initiated in April 2000 with a proposed period of five years which was funded by United Nations Development Programme. After successful culmination of the project, the devoted staff of the project decided to launch a movement to further augment the success of the project.

Accordingly, in 2007, CERD was established as an independent non-profit organization under section 42 of the Company Ordinance 1984. To reduce poverty in the target areas as a basis for sustained self-development through the provision of basic social and economic infrastructure and improving the natural resource base of local community.

### Vision

Creation of an environment where natural and human resources are managed and provision of opportunities to the marginalized segments ensured for protracted livelihood. Project and enhance human dignity, fight against poverty, promotion of ideals of self help and sustainability, creating a balanced and empowered community.

### Mission

Committed to develop rural areas and resources, both natural and human, through support measures like; innovative practices; supporting rural development programs; capacity building; promoting scientific and technical research; raising awareness; bridging the gap between growers and consumers and providing primary health, water and sanitation and life saving skills/facilities to rural communities and refugees hosting areas. Plausible scholarly discourses in the field are the guiding principles for the implementation of projects in pursuance of mission objectives.

Strengthening capacity for self-help providing economic opportunity Delivering relief in emergencies guided by the aspirations of local communities, we pursue our mission with both excellence and compassion because the people whom we serve deserve it all.

### Project Area

CERD is working in different parts of Pakistan. The structure is based on regional and field officers working along with different organizations to fulfill the needs of the communities. Currently main focus is on humanitarian response to emergency in NWFP.



## CITY DISTRICT GOVERNMENT: FIRE BRIGADE, PESHAWAR

**Contact Person:** Haji Roshan Khan  
**Address:** Outside Kohati Gate, Peshawar City, Peshawar  
**Telephone Number:** +92-91-2566666

### Introduction:

Realizing the importance of mitigation and preparedness the city District Govt: Peshawar, envisages the establishment of professional emergency response services at district levels.

To optimize the utilization of fund, resources of organizational provisions of the Govt: Departments, the City Distt: Govt: tried to integrate all such services into a functional integrated and coordinated response system.

### Capacity:

#### (A) Emergency Vehicles

1. Fire Vehicles (10 Nos.).
2. Rescue Vehicle (01 Nos.).
3. Rescue Pickup (01 No.)

#### (B) EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT

1. Flame Cutter.
2. Hydraulic Cutter.
3. Vehicle Cutter.
4. Hydraulic Jacks (12 ton)
5. Heavy Duty Electric Generators (02 Nos).
6. Emergency Light Equipments.
7. Fire Extinguishers.
8. Chipping Hammer (Pointed and Flat).
9. Rotary Hammer.
10. Electric Drill Machine.
11. Oxygen Cylinders.
12. Reciprocatory Saw (Metal & Wood)
13. Self Contain Breathing Operator (SCBA).

## COLLEGE OF HOME ECONOMICS, UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR

**Contact Person:** Ghazala Nizam  
**Address:** College of Home Economics, University of Peshawar  
**Telephone Number:** +92 91 9216682

### Introduction

The study of Home Economics as a distinct discipline was introduced in the country soon after the emergence of Pakistan. Initially, a separate department, devoted to the subject, was set-up in 1954 by the University of Peshawar, in collaboration with Colorado State University, USA. The department was later upgraded to College status in 1963. It is one of the four colleges in Pakistan devoted to the study of Home Economics, for developing a complete education programme for female students to meet the challenges of a free society. The institution equips young women with the specialized knowledge in the field of interior design, textile design, small business management, teaching, and research.

This field of study extends opportunities for pursuing careers in any of the above professions. Therefore, it has acquired a special significance in moulding the female generation, providing them with an opportunity to study a unique blend of both science and art related subjects. It also opens up future avenues for personal, professional and social enhancement.

### Vision

“Ours Is The Privilege To Mould The Society”

### Objectives

- To provide up to date and modern education to the students.
- To inculcate true appreciation of religious and Islamic values in the practical lives of the students.
- To develop social sensibilities and prepare students to cope better with their various roles not only as individuals, but as family members and citizens of the state.
- To develop a positive attitude towards life.



- To gear women towards professional careers and a general socio-economic development.
- To develop confidence in young women to realize the importance of their distinct role as nation builders.

To expose the students to the latest knowledge and technology to familiarize them with the advancements in the industrial sector.

## COMMISSIONARATE AFGHAN REFUGEES (CAR)

**Contact Person:** Faiz Muhammad  
**Address:** Phase V, Hayatabad , Peshawar  
**Telephone Number:** +92 91 9217045  
**Fax No.** +92 91 9217045  
**Email Address:** [carndwfp@gmail.com](mailto:carndwfp@gmail.com)

**Commissionerate Afghan Refugees** was established in 1979 under the Federal Government Orders to facilitate the Afghan Refugees who were crossing the borders and coming into Pakistan to find refuge due to the ongoing war in Afghanistan.

There is a **Commissionerate for Afghan Refugees (CAR)** in each Province of the country and having the Chief Commissionerate (CCAR) based in Islamabad. All the Commissionerates and the Chief Commissioner work under the Ministry of SAFRON, Islamabad.

**The mandate of the Commissionerate, Afghan Refugees, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa is to run and look after,**

- The Administration and establishment of Afghan Refugees organization.
- The financial management, control and the management of repatriation of Afghan refugees from Camps.
- Supervision and monitoring of UNHCR funded projects for Afghan refugees pertaining to Health, Education and Community Development.
- Supervision of District Administrations of Afghan Refugees and coordination with different Government Departments/Un Agencies, NGOs and INGOs.
- Coordination with different Government Departments/UN Agencies, NGOs, INGOs

Since 2008 onwards the Commissionerate Afghan Refugees, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa has also been given the mandate for the Camp Management/Administration and Coordination of the official Camps in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Province.

### EMERGENCY SITUATIONS (IDPs) & CAR ROLE

- CAR has been dealing with emergency situations in the province on the call of Provincial Government.



- It has performed and delivered superbly in Earthquake, Floods and conflict related emergencies since 2008.
- In July 2008, CAR was assigned the Camp Administration, Management & Coordination (CCCM Cluster) of IDPs Camps in Peshawar, Nowshera, Charsadda, Mardan, Swabi & Dir Districts.
- At peak time there were 27 IDP Camps managed by CAR whereas, presently CAR is managing 02 Camps (Jalozai having 16 Phases and Benazir Camp) with a total population of 98,595 Individuals (Bajaur, Khyber & Mohmand Agencies).
- During the Floods in 2010, CAR was again assigned the management of 02 Camps on the direction of Chief Minister, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa housing 5300 Individuals.

### **OUR VISION & OBJECTIVES**

- A vision to serve and to help, contribute to the cause of making the lives of Refugees and Displaced people better. To facilitate the process of finding permanent and durable solutions for the Refugees and the displaced population.
- Our objectives are to become a more results oriented and a professionally run organization through a comprehensive programme of change management, focusing on leadership qualities and team building, with the main objective to facilitate in finding and implementation of a durable and sustainable programme for Afghan Refugees under the Afghan Management Strategy finalized amongst Government of Pakistan, Government of Afghanistan and UNHCR ((The Afghan Management & Repatriation Strategy – AMRS).

Our Website: [www.carkpk.org](http://www.carkpk.org)

## **DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES, CIIT ABBOTTABAD**

**Contact Person:** Arshad Pervez  
**Address:** Life Sciences Service Centre, CIIT Abbottabad  
**Telephone No.** (0) 992 383591-96  
**Email:** pervez@ciit.net.pk

### **Overview**

Established in 2004 at the CIIT Abbottabad Campus, the Department of Environmental Sciences has become a hub for interdisciplinary graduate studies and research, and advocacy on environmental issues. The Department has diverse faculty with international education and expertise.

### **Focus Area**

The Department of Environmental Sciences aims to conduct high quality basic and applied research, produce qualified human resource, and develop products and processes to meet the needs and niches of academia and industry. The department comprises highly qualified faculty and research staff with diverse backgrounds in a variety of disciplines. Major focus areas of research and development include Earth and environmental studies, water and energy resource management, solid waste management and treatment, water sanitation and health, conventional and alternate energy, agriculture, and biotechnology. The broad spectrum of the department thus provides its students a great flexibility in choosing the program of their interest.

### **Programs Offered**

- Bachelor of Science in Environmental Sciences
- Bachelor of Science in Earth Sciences
- MS/PhD in Environmental Sciences
- MS / PhD in Biotechnology
- MS in Sustainable Water Sanitation Health and Development



### Research initiatives

The demand for professionals capable of performing tasks such as sample collection, monitoring, data management, instrumentation, calibration, operation and maintenance continues to increase. Department's teaching and research programs are designed to meet this demand by providing professionals to work in a wide array of positions for environmental engineering consulting firms, environmental laboratories, wastewater and water treatment facilities, various types of manufacturing facilities, governmental agencies, and other organizations.

Research degree programs aim to train researchers from a variety of backgrounds, as well as to establish a research base with following objectives:

1. Developing internationally recognized capabilities in the specific needs within Pakistan;
2. Developing and delivering tailored courses for industrial, public and private sectors;
3. Establishing centers for specialized research and training for energy & environment, biotechnology and consultancy

### DAILY AAJ

**Contact Person:**

**Address:**

**Telephone Number:**

**Fax No.**

**Email Address:**

**Sajid Yahya**

Daily AAJ, GT Road Peshawar

091-2261385-387

091-2261285

[info@daily-aaj.com](mailto:info@daily-aaj.com)

### Introduction

AAJ is the largest and widest read newspaper of KP as certified by ABC, published simultaneously from Peshawar, Islamabad and Abbottabad daily. The latest circulation figures of AAJ Peshawar, Islamabad and Abbottabad duly authenticated by ABC stand at 90,000. AAJ is the only major daily of KP owned by a professional journalist. AAJ by novelty and variety of its contents caters to the needs and requirements of all segments of society and all age groups particularly the youth, teaching community, business circles of the province and intellectuals. The newspaper regularly carries in its daily editions special sections covering sports, showbiz, dot.com IT, health, Trade & Commerce besides extensive coverage of districts news from throughout KP, interviews of renowned persons from different walks of life, survey reports and features on social problems. AAJ fortunately has the honor of having a strong team of eminent journalists, writers, columnists and contributors, giving it an edge over contemporary newspapers published from the provincial metropolis. The views expressed in its editorials, articles, columns are keenly read and promptly responded by the concerned quarters including the high-ups of the federal and provincial government and are reflected in the policies of the government. AAJ continued to take rapid strides on way to development into the most popular newspaper of the province due to hard work of its dedicated team under the able guidance of its editor and the paper is now being simultaneously published from Abbottabad and Islamabad as well and has grown into the largest circulated newspapers of KP. With average literacy rate at 40.59% in Peshawar, daily AAJ the widest read newspaper of the province, is playing vital role in enhancement of literacy rate and promotion of education since this newspaper is widely read in educational institutions as it caters to the



needs and requirements of students by publishing articles of their exclusive interest.

### **Team of AAJ Daily**

Our regular columnists and writers include among others Ahmed Nadeem Qasmi, Ayaz Ameer, Shafqat Mahmood, M.B Naqvi, Rahim Ullah Yousafzai, Dr. Zahoor Ahmad Awan and Dr. Inayat Ullah Faizi. Besides these writers AAJ has a strong team of senior journalists heading it's all the sections.

### **Operations**

By the grace of Allah Almighty we shifted to our new building a corporate square comprised offices and printing press to cater the need for expansion nation wide. Being constructed under the supervision of nation's best architects and designers, in our new head office we have different separate department for gathering news in order to ensure high management and quality infrastructure.

### **Distribution & Circulation Network**

AAJ has a wide network of outlets and news agencies enabling the newspaper to reach the reader early in the morning even in the remotest corner of N.W.F.P and Islamabad/Rawalpindi. It's vast area of circulation can be realized by the fact that it is also circulated and read in the major cities of Afghanistan i.e. Kabul and Jalalabad (since the people of Afghanistan have been long associated with NWFP and Peshawar, having businesses and families on both sides of borders and having to move back and forth).

Also it would be a worthwhile statement mentioning, in view of the fact that a large number of people from N.W.F.P are based in Gulf States, Aaj has a reasonable circulation in Dubai as well. Abbottabad edition of daily AAJ has side readership up to Gilgit, Baltistan, and Hunza in Northern Areas and Azad Kashmir. The need for an edition from Islamabad had been felt lately. AAJ has recently launched its Islamabad edition to fulfill the business requirements and to expand the horizons for a news era. The recently launched Islamabad edition has started to get the positive response already. For an update on the latest circulation figures of AAJ in Islamabad please contact [circ@daily-aaj.com](mailto:circ@daily-aaj.com)

### **Advertising in AAJ**

Advertising in AAJ means you get noticed and reach the masses as well as the classes of the province. Daily AAJ can boast of its Best of NWFP newspaper status as it finds its head high among contemporary newspapers because of uniqueness of its contents which cater to the needs and requirements of all age groups from all segments of society particularly the youth, business community, educationists, intellectuals and government circles. Even a cursory look at the paper will virtually make you addict of going through it daily at your breakfast table early in the morning. It makes you fully abreast of the world events as well as happenings around you. AAJ is regarded, recognized and admired by the advertisers including banks, multinationals and advertising agencies due to its of its high standard and deep penetration into the major circles of entire province. And we say advertising in AAJ means you get noticed.



## DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY, UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR

**Contact Person:** Muhammad Hanif  
**Address:** Department of Geology, University of Peshawar  
**Telephone Number:** +92 91 9216744  
**Fax No.** +92 91 5703357  
**Email Address:** [haneef\\_pk\\_pk@yahoo.com](mailto:haneef_pk_pk@yahoo.com)

### Introduction:

The Department of Geology was established in 1959 with a three year B.Sc (Hons) degree programme, whereas Master's degree, P.Phil and Ph.D Programmes were started in 1967 and 1994 respectively. Some of the graduates of the department are the recipients of national and international awards for their excellence in academic and scientific research. The department has played an important role in the economic development of the country by providing skilled geo-scientific manpower.

The department has developed collaborative research programmes with highly reputed international academic and research institutions. This interaction paved way for the exchange of scientists and helped to improve our academic performance. This ongoing collaborative research work, with international geoscientists, has helped a great deal to understand several complex geological phenomena in various areas of the country. The department also organizes short courses, workshops, seminars and conferences.

## DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY, UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR

**Contact Person:** Ghulam Dastagir  
**Address:** Department of Botany, University of Peshawar  
**Telephone Number:** +92 345 9064649  
**Email Address:** [dastagirbotany@yahoo](mailto:dastagirbotany@yahoo)

### Introduction

The Department of Botany was established in 1958 with the late Professor Dr. N.A. Qazilbash as the founding Chairman and the sole teacher to shoulder all the teaching responsibilities. The premier class of M.Sc. Botany consisted of six students who graduated in 1960. The M.Sc. syllabi were revised during 1972, 1976, 1982 and 1999 to bring it at par with the recent developments in the subject to meet the call of the time. Research at M.Sc. level was introduced during 1972, Programme of Ph.D. was initiated during 1975. The present yearly in-take of students is approximately 45-50 including M.Phil/Ph.D. scholars. The graduates are absorbed in education, forest, agriculture, plant protection, PCSIR, ministry of environment and various NGO's.

### Seats Breakup:- (Morning)

1.	Open	39
2.	02	02
3.	Nothren areas & Chitral	01
4.	University employees children	01
5.	Allocation of Seats for Province including AJK	04
6.	Disabled	01
7.	Sports	01
8.	Army	01
9.	<b>Total</b>	<b>50</b>
	<b>Evening (same seat breakup) As above</b>	<b>50</b>

### Admission Criteria:-

At least 45% marks in B.Sc. as well as in the subject of Chemistry.  
 At least 45% marks in B.Sc. as well as in the subject of Zoology.



## DEPARTMENT OF MINING ENGINEERING, UET PESHAWAR

**Contact Person:** Eng. Talat Bilal  
**Address:** University of Engineering and  
 Technology Peshawar  
**Telephone Number:** +92 91 9216501  
**Fax No.** +92 91 9216501  
**Email Address:** [talat\\_bilal@yahoo.com](mailto:talat_bilal@yahoo.com)

The department was established in 1954 as part of the then Maclagan Engineering College, to utilize the vast natural resources in country, and has the distinction of being the first in the country to offer a formal degree course in Mining Engineering. Since its inception the Department of Mining Engineering has produced high skilled engineers who have contributed towards the economy of the country.

Currently it has an enrollment of about 50 students pursuing undergraduate studies in Mining Engineering. The department is continuing its postgraduate program since 1976 and offers courses for the degrees leading to M.Sc. and PhD in Mining Engineering. Current enrollment for M.Sc Mining Engineering program is about 20.

The Courses are aimed at bringing the students abreast with the most recent developments in their fields of specialization. The Master's Degree is offered on part-time basis. The Ph.D. Degree program is, however, offered as full-time studies for external students and as part-time studies for the teachers of the department.

The department has a qualified faculty for teaching and research at Master as well as Ph.D level studies. There is a well-stocked and up to date library and computer centre for the teachers and postgraduate students.

The department offers consultancy and testing facilities to various Mining, Geo-tech, Geological and Civil Engineering Companies as well as Government and public sector agencies involved in Mining, Minerals and Earth-Sciences fields.

## DIRECTORATE GENERAL MINES & MINERALS KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA

**Contact Person:** Eng. Fazal Hussain  
**Address:** Exploration Promotion Division Directorate  
 General Mines & minerals 5-khyber road, KP  
 Pakistan  
**Telephone no.** 091-9211404

### Endowed with almost all varieties of minerals

Northern part of the Province has potential of marble/granite, cement grade limestone, phosphates, soapstone, Nepheline Syenite & other industrial minerals beside gemstone and metallic minerals. Southern part of the Province has extensive potential of industrial rocks and minerals which include rock salt, gypsum, clay minerals, limestone, silica sand, iron ore, coal, etc.

### Reasonable infrastructure and talented people

Almost all mineral bearing areas has moderate to reasonable infrastructure including accessibility. Even the mountains are populated with dwellers of traditional hospitality, a source of man power which also includes skilled workers for mining operations at nominal wages. The provincial govt. is planning to improve the condition of roads in areas of mineral potential.

### Mineral Resource-Categories in KP

The geological environments coupled with known endowment of rocks and minerals of KP, is considered to be a prospective domain for a variety of mineral potential. Apart from ordinary stones for use in construction industry, the mineral resources of the province are categorized as under:

**Ordinary stones** i.e. sand, gravels etc to meet demand of construction industries

**Dimension stones** i.e. marble, granites and other ornamental stones.

**Gemstones** viz emeralds, topaz, corundum, tourmaline, aquamarine, peridot, etc.

**Industrial rocks & minerals** viz rock phosphate, clay minerals, soapstone, feldspar, nepheline syenite, rock gypsum, rock salt, limestone and silica sand etc.

**Coal resources:** Natural gas and crude oil.

**Metallic minerals:** Including gold and base metals.



## FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION OF UNITED NATIONS (FAO)

**Contact Person:** Ajmal Khan  
**Address:** House No. 3A, street # 58, sector F-7/4, Islamabad  
**Telephone Number:** +92 51 2655880  
**Fax No.** +92 51 8314721  
**Email Address:** [ajmal.khan@fao.org](mailto:ajmal.khan@fao.org)

### Background

Pakistan became member of Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations (FAO) in 1947 and in 1951 FAO and the Government of Pakistan signed an agreement that represents the beginning of the FAO presence in Pakistan. Since that date and till 2005, the FAO representation has implemented successfully 325 projects totalling some 325 million dollars of aid.

An important component of the FAO mandate is to help the member countries to cope with the emergencies that affect the food and agricultural production systems. FAO's vast expertise in all agriculture and related fields is used to respond to the emergency creating the conditions for a quick and lasting recovery.

### Emergency, Rehabilitation and Coordination Unit

The FAO Emergency, Rehabilitation and Coordination Unit (ERCU) was established in Pakistan in 2005 to better respond to the needs of the affected populations in the areas interested by the earthquake. Since then ERCU has been actively involved in response to the various emergencies occurred.

In collaboration with the Government agencies and other partners, FAO has been responding to natural disasters and provides emergency assistance to the affected households for the resumption of crop and livestock production. ERCU is also involved in developing damage needs assessments, livelihoods baseline and contingency plans that focus on strengthening the capacity of national, provincial and district level Governments, NGO and UN agencies to respond better to natural disasters.

The current Emergency programme is funded by a growing number of donors (Sweden, Spain, Belgium, EC, ECHO, EU, USAID, DfID, Italy, AusAid) and UN partners (CERF, UNDP) FAO itself and the Government of Pakistan.

### FAO - ERCU response to major Emergencies occurred since October 2005 to-date

The FAO ERCU has been responding to the major disasters since its establishment in October 2005. The major disasters FAO has responded benefiting over one million households are listed below

- ⇒ Asian Earthquake 2005
- ⇒ Floods in Baluchistan and Sindh, 2007
- ⇒ Soaring Food Prices, 2008
- ⇒ August 2008 Flash floods
- ⇒ October 2008 Baluchistan Earthquake
- ⇒ Internally Displaced Persons 2009/10
- ⇒ Floods 2010

### Disaster Risk Management (DRM)

The FAO's DRM programme in Pakistan is part of an overall One-UN Joint DRM Programme and has been developed in consultation with National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA/GoP). The programme basically aims to reduce the vulnerability of people before, during and after disasters through risk assessment, risk reduction (preparedness, prevention and mitigation), emergency response and rehabilitation. After a disaster hits, FAO focuses on recovery and rehabilitation to increase community resilience to future hazards through longer-term interventions that facilitate the transition from relief to development.

Started in 2008 the DRM component within ERCU is relatively nascent. It is a result of the One UN TWG on DRM which was initiated in 2007 to mainstream DRM into development program and planning. In the last two years the DRM component has produced Hazards Livelihood Baselines and Contingency Plans for ten districts of Tharparkar, Badin, Rajanpur, Astore, Bagh, Haripur, Gilgit, Jhang, Dadu and Gawadar. These districts were selected in collaboration with NDMA. These Contingency Plans have been completed and well accepted so that



NDMA has encouraged FAO to do replicate this work in another ten districts.

The current DRM programme is supported through SIDA, USAID, One UN funds, UN partners (e.g. CERF, UNDP), FAO's own technical assistance resources.

The FAO's DRM new proposed interventions intends to protect and rehabilitate rural livelihood in the context of any natural or human induced disasters. Drawn in consultation with NDMA the FAO project is part of the One UN DRM plan programme. Building up on its previous work of Hazards Livelihood Vulnerability Baselines and Contingency Plans for ten of the GoP prioritised high risk districts- the current plan includes:

- A. Mainstream DRM in projects of FAO and MINFA;
- B. Drought monitoring and relevant EWS for drought risk districts in Pakistan;
- C. Hazards Livelihood Vulnerability (HLV) baseline in additional 10 of the 30 high risk districts;
- D. Pilot DRR measures in the context of livelihood;
- E. Capacity building of Ministry of Food and Agriculture (MINFA), Provincial Disaster Management Authority (PDMA), District Disaster Management Authorities (DDMAs) and Community Based Organizations (CBOs); and
- F. Develop and implement public awareness campaign on DRM.
- G. Training of farmers on DRM
- H. Inclusion of DRR in technical curricula

## FATA DISASTER MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

**Contact Person:** Adil Raza  
**Address:** 72-E Aabdara Road, University Town, Peshawar  
**Telephone:** 091-9216336  
**Fax No:** 091-9218573  
**Email:** [adil@fdma.gov.pk](mailto:adil@fdma.gov.pk)

### Introduction

FATA Disaster Management Authority is a government organization established under the Disaster Management Ordinance 2007 to effectively manage a natural calamity or man-made disaster in Federally Administered Tribal Area and Frontier Regions.

### Objectives

To achieve sustainable social, economic and environmental development in FATA through reducing risk and vulnerabilities, particularly those of the poor and marginalized groups and by effectively responding to and recovering from disaster impact.

### Establishment of FDMA

National Disaster Management Ordinance of 2007 provides the legal basis for the establishment of a FATA Disaster Management Authority (FDMA). The National Disaster Management Ordinance (NDMO) published in the Gazette of Pakistan on 10<sup>th</sup> March 2008 provides a comprehensive framework for Disaster prevention, preparedness and management on federal, provincial and local government level in its Chapter III. In May 20<sup>th</sup> 2008 the National Disaster Management Ordinance was extended to FATA through Statutory notification Government of Pakistan (SRO 302(I)/2008) States & Frontier Region Division Islamabad. The Federally Administered Tribal Areas Disaster Management Commission for the FATA is notified on 24<sup>th</sup> August 2008, Government of Pakistan, States & Frontier Region Islamabad under the section 13 A, National Disaster Management Ordinance 2007. FATA Disaster Management Authority was notified vide notification SRO 1090(I) 2008 dated 6-10-2008 by the



Government of Pakistan, States & Frontier Region Division Islamabad.  
FDMA formally established its head office in Peshawar in July 2010.

### Mandate

1. Formulate the FATA Disaster Management Policy.
2. Co-ordinate and monitor the implementation of National plan, and FATA plan.
3. Examine the vulnerability of different parts of FATA to different disasters and specify mitigation measures
4. Lay down guidelines to be followed for preparation of disaster management plans by the Departments of the FATA Secretariat and Agency Authorities.
5. Evaluate preparedness at all governmental and non-governmental levels to disaster and to enhance preparedness.
6. Co-ordinate response in the event of disaster.
7. Promote general education, awareness and community training in this regard.
8. Advise the Federal Government regarding all financial matters in relation to disaster management.
9. Examine the construction in the area, and ensure compliance of standards

### Roles and Responsibilities

The Federally Administered Tribal Area is prone to various types of disasters such as floods, epidemics and violent conflicts. The militants' apprising and the resultant military operations have done great damage to livelihoods and infrastructure and have caused millions of people to migrate into the relatively peaceful areas as IDPs. FDMA has a key role to play by coordinating the relief activities at IDP camps. Another core function of FDMA is to help resettle and rehabilitate the conflict affected people in their area of origins and in near future project in this regard is going to be initiated. Yet another responsibility of FDMA is to prepare for the future natural or man-made disaster by equipping and training the line departments and making workable plans for various agencies and FRs.

## GRAND AGENCIES (SALE AGENTS FOR AQUATABS IN PAKISTAN)

**Contact Person:**

**Junaid Anees**

**Address:**

182/B, Street No.18, Sector F-10/2,  
Islamabad

**Telephone Number:**

+92 51 4426656

**Fax No.**

+92 51 4840510

**Email Address:**

[sales@aquatabs.pk](mailto:sales@aquatabs.pk)

### What are Aquatabs?

Aquatabs are effervescent tablets which kill micro-organisms in water to prevent cholera, typhoid, dysentery and other water borne-diseases. Aquatabs are available in a range of tablet sizes. Each tablet size is formulated to treat a specific volume of water-ranging from 1L to 2,500L. Aquatabs are used both in emergency situations and also for continuous use in households that do not have access to safe drinking water.

### Why use Aquatab to treat water?

Many water sources throughout the world, even after filtration, remain contaminated and require some form of disinfection. Aquatabs enable areas without access to water disinfection systems to benefit from the advantages of chlorination without any infrastructure requirements in a speedy and cost effective manner. Aquatabs water purification tablets utilize materials specifically approved to international standards for use in drinking water with NSF/ANSI standard 60 certification. Aquatabs have been evaluated and selected by leading Aid agencies, Nongovernmental organizations and Defense Forces worldwide.

### Quality and safety assurance

Aquatabs have been in use for over 20 years and no side effects have been reported. Aquatabs are manufactured to full pharmaceutical standards, certified to the European Union guidelines on Good Manufacturing Practices for medicines. Aquatabs are manufactured using pharmaceutical grade and food grade materials and do not contain any industrial grade material. The packaging and shelf life of aquatabs



has been verified through stability studies performed to International Conference on Harmonization Standards (ICH). The active ingredient in aquatabs is approved by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for routine treatment of drinking water. Aquatab tablets meet the American National Standard Institute (ANSI) standard 60 as certified by the National Sanitation Foundation (NSF).

### **International field experience**

Aquatabs have been independently and extensively tasted internationally through 18 field studies. Aquatabs consistently achieves safe water quality with point of use water treatment at the household level in accordance with internationally recognized standard.

## **GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF PAKISTAN**

<b>Contact Person:</b>	Muhammad Awais Khan
<b>Address:</b>	Plot No.10-11, Sector B-1, Phase V Hayatabad, Peshawar, Pakistan
<b>Telephone Number:</b>	+92 91 9217075
<b>Fax No.</b>	+92 91 9217023
<b>Email Address:</b>	<a href="mailto:awaispsh@yahoo.com">awaispsh@yahoo.com</a>

### **Introduction**

Geological Survey of Pakistan (GSP) is an attached department of the Federal Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Resources with its headquarters office located at Quetta and as per its charter the GSP is responsible for study of geology of the country in all pertinent details and to assess its geological resource potential. With a balanced, efficient and competitive structure, GSP is now fully capable to explore mineral resources and undertake geological, geophysical, geo-technical and geo-chemical investigations, and drilling. During the recent past GSP's technical services were frequently availed by the local and foreign companies, institutions and private sector organizations. The GSP also undertakes development projects to cater to immediate needs in the fields of geological mapping and mineral exploration. It undertakes:

- Geological mapping and other geoscientific surveys,
- Basic and applied research in earth sciences,
- Scientific investigations for an accurate understanding of the country's geological resources and their prudent management, and
- Environmental geology and hydrogeological studies.



## IMMAP PAKISTAN

**Contact Person:** Jaques Lombaard  
**Address:** Sereena Business Complex, Islamabad Pakistan  
**Telephone Number:** +92 51 9209525  
**Fax No.** +92 51 9209528  
**Email Address:** jloombaard@immap.org

## Because Information Matters

IMMAP is a pioneering humanitarian organization that for more than a decade has led the way in the effective use of information management practices and principles in service to the world's most vulnerable populations.

## Disaster Risk Management

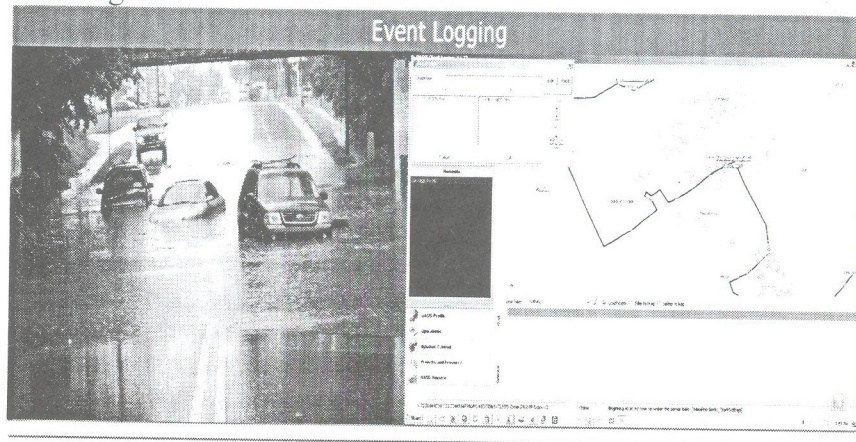
## Event Logging

- Planning
- Asset Tracking
- Hazard Identification
- Monitoring Aid Delivery
- Response Planning

## Asset Tracking



New approaches and new solutions are required to address a range of problems plaguing humanitarian responders. IMMAP applies appropriate information management practices and new information technologies in service to the humanitarian community, enabling them to solve pressing global humanitarian challenges.



## INSTITUTE OF GEOGRAPHY, URBAN & REGIONAL PLANNING, UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR

**Contact Person:** Dr. Atta-ur-Rahman  
**Address:** Institute of Geography and Urban & Regional Planning, University of Peshawar, Peshawar  
**Telephone Number:** 091-9216681  
**Email Address:** [geography@upesh.edu.pk](mailto:geography@upesh.edu.pk)

### Introduction:

The Institute of Geography, Urban and Regional Planning is one of the oldest departments of the University of Peshawar, was founded in 1956 through the efforts of Prof: Mohammad Ashraf Khan Durrani. Since its establishment, it is committed to the mission of addressing the diverse dimensions of Physical and Applied Geography, Environment and Natural Resources. The Institute started a new Master's degree Programme in the field of environmental Planning and Management in 1988, which grew into full-fledged post-graduate Institute. After the incorporation of MSc program in Urban and Regional Planning with the collaboration of Nottingham University, UK, the Department of Geography, Urban and Regional Planning in 1993. The department of geography, Urban and Regional Planning was renamed with Institute of Geography, Urban and Regional Planning in 2010 by the University of Peshawar.

Recognizing the importance of consistent changes in the field of geography in national and international scenario, the institute regularly updates its curriculum and has recently incorporated the emerging tools of Geographical Information System (GIS) and computing. The Institute provides a variety of programs, services and resources to enhance students' professional training and career success. Apart from an excellent collection of books and journals in its Seminar Library, the Institute has fully equipped Meteorological Observatory, and Cartographic, Geomorphological, Remote sensing, Computer and GIS Labs.

The Institute also regularly holds national and international seminars in the fields of Geography, Planning and Natural Resources. The Institute



is actively engaged in a number of research projects some of which are internationally collaborated and funded.

#### Message:

To undertake and promote research is one of the basic and fundamental objectives of a university institute. To achieve this goal, we Endeavour to create and provide an environment, where the faculty, research workers and students could carry on their research and academic pursuits in a congenial and peaceful atmosphere. The Institute has produced on Ph.D. and thirteen M.Phil during the academic session of 2006-07. The faculty and research students publish their research in national and international journals and participate in national and international conferences seminars and symposia. The Institute regularly arranges study tours, seminar week, seerat lectures and tutorial classes. Keeping in view the changes in the field of Geography due to new emerging fields, and market requirements, the Institute updates its curriculum regularly to enhance student's professional training and career opportunities.

By the blessing of Allah and the ceaseless efforts and hard work of the faculty, the Institute secured the highest ranking amongst the Departments of Geography throughout the country in the year.

## IOM MASS COMMUNICATIONS

**Contact Person:**

**Address:**

**Waqas Shafi**

27 AB, Old Jamrod Lane , Park Road,  
University Town Peshawar

**Telephone Number:**

+92 91 5702640

**Fax No.**

+92 91 5702640

**Email Address:**

[wshafi.mct@gmail.com](mailto:wshafi.mct@gmail.com)

## IOM MASS COMMUNICATIONS

### WHAT IS MASS COMMUNICATIONS?

- ✚ **MassComms is a Cross Cutting Humanitarian Service** providing timely, accurate and relevant information to Conflict or Disaster Affected Communities, **highlighting gaps and needs** for all aid providers – Clusters, Working Groups, Government offices and institutions, UN Agencies and NGOs
- ✚ **In KPK MassComms is currently operating** in Dir (Upper and Lower), Kohat, Hangu, Peshawar, Charsadda, Nowshera and DI Khan. To date, Mass Comms has conducted awareness sessions for 28,750 households in 230 KPK villages

### IOM MassComms resources:

- ✚ **Mass communications teams** travel into the Field and interact with the affectees, hold Awareness Sessions on important issues such as the Watan project, How to prevent the spread of Acute Waterborne Diseases, How to clean water, How to construct a proper latrine, etc
- ✚ **Messages and Information Products** through the expertise and knowledge of our humanitarian partners we publish:
  - **FAQs** – Frequently Asked Questions - are periodically produced documents addressing a wide range of regional or thematic topics. They answer the most frequent questions from affectees and provide guidance and information facilitating their access to assistance
  - **The Service Handbook** – a Humanitarian Directory regularly updated. It lists aid providers, gives relevant



details on their area of operations, contact persons and services. You can use the Handbook for your own purposes as well as contribute to its regular updates

- ✦ **Important Messages are also spread by**
  - Radio and TV broadcasts
  - Newspapers, leaflets, posters, banners and FAQs
- ✦ **IOM's Humanitarian Call Center (HCC)** hosts two toll-free help lines to provide information and guide affected populations on a wide range of queries. The HCC is manned during regular working hours, and all calls are followed up by the HCC.
- ✦ **Provide a Focal Communications Person for your Cluster or Working Group.** You know your field, area of operation and subject best. We need your expertise, experience and knowledge to identify information gaps and develop messages that are accurate.

**TOLL FREE NUMBERS: 0800-44422 0322-5555737**  
[www.iom.int](http://www.iom.int) / <http://www.mcommsorg.net/home>

## INTERNATIONAL RESCUE COMMITTEE

**Contact Person:** M. Dawood  
**Address:** 80-E, Old Bara Road, University Town  
 Peshawar  
**Telephone Number:** +92 91 5703310  
**Fax No.** +92 91 5840283  
**Email Address:** [muhammad.dawood@pakistan.theirc.org](mailto:muhammad.dawood@pakistan.theirc.org)

### Company Profile:

The International Rescue Committee responds to the world's worst humanitarian crises and helps people to survive and rebuild their lives. Founded in 1933 at the request of Albert Einstein, the IRC offers lifesaving care and life-changing assistance to refugees forced to flee from war or disaster. At work today in over 40 countries and in 22 U.S. cities, the IRC restores safety, dignity and hope to millions who are uprooted and struggling to endure. The IRC leads the way from harm to home.

### IRC Pakistan:

IRC has been working in Pakistan since 1980, when hundreds of thousands of refugees crossed the border from Afghanistan in the wake of the Soviet invasion. IRC teams have worked in camps and settlements across Pakistan's Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KPK, formerly North West Frontier Province) and Baluchistan, including the tribal areas, to provide shelter, food, protection, education, vocational training, water supply systems, sanitation facilities, and medical services to Afghan refugees.

When the South Asian earthquake struck in October 2005, IRC responded immediately, sending emergency teams to provide immediate relief and health care to more than 230,000 survivors in the worst-hit areas. Since then, IRC transitioned from direct service delivery to supporting long-term sustainable development and capacity building in health and education to the Government of Pakistan line departments in the earthquake-affected areas of KPK and Azad Jammu Kashmir (AJK). In 2008, IRC responded to support those fleeing conflict in Pakistan's North West Frontier Region. For the past two years, IRC has provided



assistance in water, sanitation, health, education and protection services to those displaced by conflict in the border regions as well as providing similar support for those returning home to KPK and Federally Administered Tribal Areas (FATA).

From July 2010 onwards, IRC Pakistan has been responding to the monsoon floods that has devastated over 20.36 million people across the entire country.

IRC is currently working in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Punjab and Sindh provinces.

## ISLAMIC RELIEF

**Contact Person:**
**Farooque Khan**
**Address:**

House No.146, street 2, Sector C,  
Sheikh Maltoon, Mardan

**Telephone Number:**

+92 937 880198

**Email Address:**

[farooq.khan@irp.org.pk](mailto:farooq.khan@irp.org.pk)

**Introduction**

Islamic Relief commenced operations in Pakistan in 1992, secured a registration with Security & Exchange Commission of Pakistan in 1994 as a company limited by guarantee (Local NGO). Islamic Relief is also registered with the Economic Affairs Division, Ministry of Finance, and Government of Pakistan.

Initially the organization started operation with following interventions:

- One to One Orphans Sponsorship
- Emergency & Relief
- Seasonal Projects - Qurbani (Meat distribution during Eid-UL-Adha) and Ramadan (Food distribution during the holy month of Ramadan)

By 2001 activities expanded and started to get momentum and increased in thematic and geographical areas coverage and since then IR in Pakistan is focusing on the following sectors:

Islamic Relief is a signatory to the Code of Conduct for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movements and NGOs in Disaster Relief. Islamic Relief is registered with the UK government's Charity Commission Registered Charity no. 328158

Islamic Relief is a member of the Disaster Emergency Committee.

Islamic Relief has consultative status with the UN Economic and Social Council.

IR is also a member of BOND (British Overseas NGOs for Development).

**Vision**

"We aspire to create a just and caring society where the needs of the poor and unprivileged people of Pakistan including AJK are taken care



of and in case of natural or man-made disasters; timely help is ensured to them.”

### **Mission**

Our mission is to improve the life quality of vulnerable people through sustainable development and also to ensure timely humanitarian assistance in need, by:

- Reaching out to people with limited or no access to basic services, complementing, but not substituting, the efforts of government and other providers.
- Enabling rural people create services they need and giving them access to the opportunities by:
- Organizing them into viable social groups.
- Giving them a feeling of empowerment that reinforces the poverty reduction process.
- Convincing them that they can plan and act to improve their lives.
- Capacity building for use of resources to an optimal advantage.

### **Project Area**

Islamic Relief (IR) operates in almost 33 countries and it was established in Pakistan in 1992 with Field Offices in Baluchistan, AJK, KPK, Punjab and Sindh and a Head Office in Islamabad to coordinate operations in the country.

### **Current Initiatives**

Islamic Relief (IR) operates in almost 33 countries and it was established in Pakistan in 1992 with Field Offices in Baluchistan, AJK, KPK, Punjab and Sindh and a Head Office in Islamabad to coordinate operations in the country. Islamic Relief is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors based in the UK overseeing the management of the organization. Accounts are audited on annual basis by reputable auditors. IR Projects have been supported by a number of Institutions such as DFID, WFP, UNICEF, UNHCR, Oxfam, CIDA, ICRC, CRS, SIDA, ECHO, Concern Worldwide and CAFOD to name a few. Islamic Relief is registered in Pakistan with the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan under registration # I-01581. Since 2001, IR

has been designing and implementing projects under Sustainable Development, Humanitarian Aid and Child Welfare and Protection. The most effected, neglected and needy villages are selected and therefore, IR-Pk decided to address the necessary needs through integrated approach which includes shelters, WASH, health and Livelihood of the targeted area.



## INSTITUTE OF SOCIAL WORK, SOCIOLOGY AND GENDER STUDIES, UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR

**Contact Person:** Dr. Anwar Alam  
**Address:** Institute of Social Work, Sociology and Gender Studies, University of Peshawar  
**Telephone Number:** +92 91 9221042  
**Email Address:** alamsocap@gmail.com

### Introduction:-

The institute of social work, sociology and gender studies is a new institute established in August 17, 2009. It is one of the leading institutes of the university of Peshawar. It has touched the high peak of success in a very short span of time after its establishment.

It is headed by Prof Dr Johar Ali (Director ISSG) and has coordinator for each Discipline; Dr Anwar Alam is coordinator of sociology, Dr Basharat coordinator social work and Ms abida Bano Coordinator Gender studies.

### Sociology:

The Department of Sociology is a leading department of the University of Peshawar. By the grace of Allah Almighty, This Department has the honor to award B.A (Hons), Master and M.Phil/PhD degrees in the disciplines of Sociology. Professor Karam Elahi patronized Sociology, getting its independent status as a full-fledged department in 1992. Research activities for the students of M.A and M.Phil/Ph.D Sociology are compulsory.

### Social Work:

The Department of Social Work was established in 1976 and got merged into ISSG. The Department of Social Work is recognized nationally and internationally and had developed International Academic Links with:

- School of Social Work, University of Pennsylvania, U.S.A. in 1989.
- School of Social Work and Community Development, Gherad Mercator University, Duisberg, Germany, from 1997-1999.

- Department of Gender Studies, Hull University, U.K in collaboration with Women Studies Centre, University of Peshawar, 2000-2003.
- Department of Social Work, Strathclyde University, Scotland, 2003.
- These linkages provided opportunities for the faculty members and M.Phil/Ph.D research scholars to learn and share their experiences for professional growth.

It has worked on different research projects with national and international agencies like, UNICEF, UNESCO, WHO, ILO, WWF, JICA, and Health Net International U.K. It has the honor to award BA (Hons) Master and M.phil/Ph.D degrees.

### Gender Studies:

Initially the Department of Gender studies was full fledging Department and it get merged into ISSG in August 2009. Gender studies is a diverse ,full of controversies and active debate on gender differences and inequalities Important questions regarding the categories of woman and man in terms of exploring identities it's the politics played behind the scene. Being interdisciplinary in nature each discipline examines the ways in which distinction of gender and socio political inequalities are defined and discussed. Various conceptual frameworks are evaluated to look at these issues and draw inferences about it.



## KING ABDULLAH'S RELIEF CAMPAIGN FOR PAKISTANI PEOPLE (KARCPP)

**Contact Person:** Muhammad Yousuf  
**Address:** H 227, Main Margala Road F-10/3, Islamabad  
**Telephone Number:** +92 51 2298727  
**Fax No.** +92 51 8317503  
**Email Address:** [yousafleo@yahoo.com](mailto:yousafleo@yahoo.com)

King Abdullah's Relief Campaign for Pakistani People (KARCPP) is a Pakistan based Saudi Relief Organization working in all the provinces of Pakistan to help mitigate the sufferings of 2010's tragic Floods affectees. The motive behind setting up this organization was to wipe out the tears of flood-trapped citizens of Pakistan facing multiple challenges emerged soon after the natural calamity that wreaked havoc in several parts of the Sub Continent.

### Background

Keeping in view the growing tense situation that erupted due to the floods triggered by heavy monsoon rains, the Custodian of the Two Holy Mosques, King Abdullah Bin Abdul Aziz, immediately ordered to establish an organization for carrying out relief, rescue and rehabilitation activities in the worst flood-torn areas of Pakistan. The custodian of Two Holy Mosques also ordered to run a public campaign to collect donations for their Pakistani brethren. On the directives of the leadership of Saudi Arabia, a Relief Fund was formally opened for proper utilization of the donations collected from masses living in all cities of KSA. The King Abdullah kicked off his campaign for Relief of Pakistani people with 20 million Riyals, Crown Prince Sultan Bin Abdul Aziz donated 10 million Riyals and Second Deputy Prime Minister Prince Naif Bin Abdul Aziz contributed 5 million Riyals. Saudi TV ran a telethon for this purpose. Saudi Public responded from depth of their hearts to help their flood trapped Pakistani brothers and sisters. More than 400 million Riyals were collected from this campaign. Expressing solidarity with the Pakistani nation, "King Abdullah's Relief Campaign for Pakistani People" was established on the orders of Khadim Al

Haramain Al-Sharifain to bring back the cherishing movements that lost in the floods of 2010.

### Emergency Relief

Soon after the establishment of the office of KARCPP, started their relief and distribution activities which were executed across all the provinces of Pakistan under the direct support of Saudi Ambassador Abdul Aziz Al-Ghadeer to achieve the objectives of the campaign started purely on humanitarian grounds.

### Air & Sea Bridges

King Abdullah also ordered to establish an Air and Sea bridge for immediate transportation of Emergency Relief Aid that collected both from public and the officials of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA). Through this bridge, a number of Cargo ships and about 30 planes landed in Peshawar, Karachi, Lahore, Islamabad, and other cities of Pakistan to off-load the Relief Aid sent by Saudi Arabia for helping flood-torn masses facing shortage of food, medicine, tents, and other similar material.

### Relief Convoys

Kingdom of Saudi Arabia launched a relief campaign and pledged to provide **1000 trucks** laden with Relief Goods carrying essential items including tents for sheltering flood-torn Pakistani people. This campaign completed through six relief convoys consisting more than 1000 trucks.

### Flood Relief Camp Thatta

After the floods, The Thatta, the district of Sindh province was declared most affected area, and a large number of people were facing mass displacement from their residential areas. In view of this situation, a Relief Camp was established to shelter 500 families. A field hospital was also setup by Saudi Arabia alongside this relief camp to help not only the residents of this camp but to whole Thatta as well. The Saudi Ambassador to Pakistan, H.E Abdul Aziz Al-Ghadeer visited the area for distribution of food items among the flood-affected families and spent his whole Eid day with them.



### **Qurbani Project 2010**

On the eve of *KARCPP* did not forget their affected brethren. It reached to South Punjab and the federal capital for distribution of meat among the flood-affected families of Pakistan. The country Director of *KARCPP* also visited the flood-torn provinces of Pakistan including Sindh, Balochistan, Punjab, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Gilgit-Baltistan and Kashmir and distributed the packets of meat among 3640 affected families so that they could also celebrate the Eid festival with religious zeal and traditional manner.

### **Winter Relief Package**

Following the orders of Khadim al Haramain Al-Sharifain, King Abdullah's Relief Campaign for Pakistani People (*KARCPP*) distributed winter package containing food items besides 150,000 quilts among the affected families of Gilgit-Baltistan region. The items which were distributed among the victims of floods include thousands of Quilts, 100 Cartons of milk packets, and 250 Cartons of dates packets.

## **LAWARI HUMANITARIAN ORGANIZATION (LHO)**

**Contact person:**

**Asif Ullah Khan**

**Address:**

12/2 Park Lane University Town  
Peshawar

**Telephone number:**

091-5700755

**Fax:**

091-5850088

**Email:**

ed@lawari.org

### **Introduction**

Lawari Humanitarian Organization (LHO)- Pakistan is a multi-sectoral, registered; non-governmental organization (non profitable/non-political/non-religious), established in November 2004 under the Societies Act, XXI 1860, aiming to converge energies of young qualified, energetic and highly motivated professionals for translating the miseries of life into prosperity and uplifting the living standards of marginalized communities through means of sustainable development. All objective interventions and sustainable social change have been achieved through all concerted endeavours across all forms of human development, education, health, economic uplift, community development and emergency response programmes (ERPs).

### **Vision**

A true human world, free of poverty, where everyone enjoys fundamental rights and human development to lead a life of dignity and honour without discrimination on the basis of creed, race, ethnicity, language, gender and nationality.

### **Mission**

Promote effective partnership among organizations and individuals through dialogues, exchange of views, resources and experiences sharing and efforts to build common perspective for eradication of poverty and human sufferings.

### **Disaster Mitigation And Preparedness**

As response to the Pakistan Earthquake 2005, LHO carried out project on disaster mitigation, preparedness and rehabilitation process.



Immediately after the catastrophic earthquake of 8th October 2005, LHO team of 28 doctors, engineers along with 48 volunteers from various partners were sent to the disaster affected area to participate in rescue and relief activities. Free surgeries and other medical support were provided through private clinics at Mansehra. Medicine, food, clothes, blankets, mattresses and tents were distributed among the earthquake affectees immediately after the disaster

### Major Achievements

- ❖ Shelter/ NFI Provisions (LHO- NRC Extended Project)
- ❖ NFI support for the Vulnerable Non- IDPs/ Stayees of District Swat
- ❖ Emergency Food Distribution for the Flood Affectees, District Charsadda ,Bajaur,Lower Dir
- ❖ Early Recovery- Rehabilitation & Livelihood Restoration thru FFW- Charsadda
- ❖ Transitional Shelter for Camp IDPs/ Returnees (UN Habitat)
- ❖ PHC Services for the IDPs- South Waziristan (Merlin Project)
- ❖ Nutrition Project for FATA IDPs- DIKhan / Tank (UNICEF Project)
- ❖ WASH Services for FATA IDPs @ DIKhan/ Tank (UNICEF Project)

### Geographical Coverage

#### KP

- ❖ Swat
- ❖ Lower Dir
- ❖ Tank
- ❖ D.I.khan
- ❖ Charsadda.

#### FATA

- ❖ South Waziristan
- ❖ Khyber agency
- ❖ Bajaor

### Future Plans

- ❖ Primary Health and Hygiene
- ❖ Project on Gender Mainstreaming in Peace Building
- ❖ Comprehensive Research Survey Post Conflict Scenario

- ❖ Awareness & Advocacy program on landmines
- ❖ Youth Role in Peace-building and Conflict Resolution
- ❖ Establishment of Women Economic Empowerment Network (WEEN)
- ❖ Establishment of Development Research Institute (DRI)



## MALTESER INTERNATIONAL

**Contact Person:** Nurul Amin Bagmir  
**Address:** House No.59, Street # 36, F-6/1, Islamabad  
**Telephone Number:** +92 51 2271674  
**Fax No.** +92 51 8312771  
**Email Address:** [nurul.bagmer@malteser-international.org](mailto:nurul.bagmer@malteser-international.org)

### Introduction

Malteser International is the worldwide relief agency of the Sovereign Order of Malta for humanitarian aid. With its headquarters in Cologne (Germany) more than 800 local and 100 international staff, the organisation covers around 200 humanitarian projects in about 20 countries in Africa, Asia, Europe and the Americas. Currently, 20 national associations of the Order of Malta are members of Malteser International. Malteser Germany, in accordance with German Law, and internationalized as the Order of Malta's relief service in 2005, the organisation provides humanitarian aid in all parts of the world without distinction of religion, race or political persuasion. The humanitarian principles of impartiality and independence are the foundation of its work. Its mission is not only to provide emergency relief, but also to implement rehabilitation measures and to facilitate the link between emergency relief and sustainable development. We are committed to ensure high quality standards in humanitarian aid, accountability and transparency.

### Our approach

Malteser International is a needs-based organization. We continue to focus our assistance on the most vulnerable and needy. Reducing poverty and contributing to the millennium development goals. We believe that local quality response is best to rising numbers of crises and disasters, therefore we build the capacity of our local partners.

### The context of our work

The triggers of human suffering are many-fold and complex. We continue to concentrate our assistance in a disaster and crisis context, such as

- natural and man made disasters
- complex emergencies
- chronic crises and unstable states
- Poverty

### Five focus sectors of assistance

Since more than 50 years, our work aims on alleviating human suffering. To make a real difference and aid more effectively, professional standards and expertise are vital for our work. A framework of eight particular sectors of assistance was identified, mirroring both the analysis of our programme success and of predicted future needs. The extent to which we aim to apply our focus sectors varies from country to country.

Malteser International started its activities in Pakistan immediately after the devastating earthquake October 2005. A MoU was signed for five years with the Economic Affairs Division for optional relief and development activities. We closely cooperate and coordinate with all relevant provincial and district as well as national authorities.

### 1. Relief, Reconstruction and Rehabilitation

Malteser International responds to the fundamental needs of the affected population. In these early stages, the focus is helping people with basic survival; such as distribution of relief, water purification and storage, household items, shelter kits and basic food rations. continue to further reduce vulnerability and to provide support communities with sustainable reconstruction and rehabilitation.

### 2. Health and Nutrition

The health sector is a core competence of Malteser International; The Order of Malta's worldwide relief service establishes and promotes primary health care services covering curative care, communicable disease control, health management, medical emergencies and the rational use of medicines. Special attention is given to reproductive health and health education as well as HIV/AIDS and tuberculosis. As the nutritional status of a population is closely related to its general health, we integrate programme components to prevent malnutrition and to improve food security.



### 3. Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH)

Water is life, sanitation is dignity. The most serious health problems in disaster situations are caused by poor hygiene due to insufficient water and consumption of contaminated water. Recognizing the strong link between health, water, sanitation and hygiene, demonstrated by numerous waterborne diseases, Malteser International's specific work within this sector covers water supply, sanitation and hygiene promotion.

### 4. Livelihood and Social Programmes

Poverty reduction is a particular area in Malteser International's overall programme. The dimensions of poverty are complex and the realities of poverty vary between regions, countries, communities and individuals. Livelihood and social programmes intend to provide, through a participatory approach, increased well-being, reduced vulnerability, more income and improved food security.

### 5. Disaster Risk Reduction

Disaster risk reduction in relief and recovery and long term development initiatives is an integral part of humanitarian assistance. Climate change, migration patterns as well as socioeconomic pressure have forced more and more people into vulnerable. By the reinforcement of houses against earthquakes and cyclones, or by constructing flood safe emergency shelters or training village emergency teams and volunteers in establishment of early warning systems, disaster risk reduction and mitigation components. The focus is clearly on community based disaster risk management (CBDRM) to support and to strengthen local coping capacities and to reduce vulnerabilities of people at risk.

## MILITARY COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING RISALPUR, RISALPUR CANTT.

**Contact Person:**

**Lt.Col. Rashid Javed Butt**

**Address:**

Military College of Engineering  
Risalpur Cantt. Risalpur

**Telephone Number:**

+92 923 6812-36270

**Fax No.**

+92 923 631127

**Email Address:**

[mce@nust.edu.pk](mailto:mce@nust.edu.pk)

MCE has the honour to be amongst the oldest military institutions of Pakistan Army. At the time of partition, this institution was known as School of Military Engineering and was located in India at a place known as Rorki. In 1948, the School of Military Engineering came to Sialkot and in 1952, the institute was shifted from Sialkot to its present location i.e. Risalpur. In 1957, its status was upgraded from school to that of a college. Henceforth the institution is referred to as Military College of Engineering or MCE. From 1962 onwards, the MCE was granted the coveted degree awarding status. This was the singular honour among all institutions of Pakistan Armed Forces at that time.

MCE has been declared as the “**Centre of Excellence**” for Disaster Management and Explosive Ordnance Disposal (DM & EOD) training at national level. MCE has state of art elaborate training facilities to include rubble fields, training Props, audio visual training aids and latest training equipment to impart best possible Disaster Management Training. Initially Under PEER and then by conducting Disaster Management Courses MCE has by now trained about 400 Students of Armed Forces, Civil Armed Forces and para military forces. MCE is soon starting its courses in Urban Search and Rescue (USAR) training which will be another leap forward in the quality Disaster Management Training being imparted by MCE.



## MH9 SOLUTIONS

**Contact Person:** Mehreen Ghauri  
**Address:** 305-D Evacuee Trust Complix, F-5/1, Islamabad  
**Telephone Number:** +92 51 2870300  
**Fax No.** +92 21 35635388  
**Email Address:** [mehreen.ghauri@mh9.biz](mailto:mehreen.ghauri@mh9.biz)

### Introduction –

mh9 solutions is a Consultancy and Training organization founded 9 years ago in Islamabad. The company currently has offices in Pakistan, UAE and UK and works mainly in the following areas:

- Corporate Security
- Occupational Health, Safety & Environment
- Aviation Consultancy
- Disaster/Emergency Management Consultancy
- Project Management

### What mh9 solutions can provide –

mh9 solutions can provide the following services, for the social sector, Corporate sector and public sector:

- Consultancies on program management
- Trainings – internationally certified and accredited
- Documentation – Policy & Procedure development
- Exercise Scenarios / Case Studies
- Emergency Supplies
- Project design

The people behind mh9 solutions have ample experience in Disaster and Emergency Management.

Salman Tariq, the CEO is an international award winning expert, an MBA from the US and Pakistan's first and only Certified Professional Risk Manager, completed from Singapore. He is a member of many global associations and often speaks at international conferences and events. Very recently, Salman was awarded the title of "Asia Pacific Business Continuity Manager of the Year", (a first for anyone from Pakistan) and was recognized in a glittering ceremony in Singapore.

Our Senior Manager, Safety & Security Consulting is Asfandiyar Niazi, a British expert in his field with many years of Corporate and Public sector Consulting. Asfandiyar is a certified Trainer and has been involved in work with the National Police, Anti Terror Squad, National Health Service, UK, etc. Asfandiyar has developed plans in Safety, Security and Disaster Management as well as authored SOPs for numerous organizations in Emergency Planning and Response.

### Case Study –

An example of the kind of work we can do is of an Islamabad based multinational that wanted to develop a team of First Responders for volunteer and community work during times of national calamities. Staff from mh9 were involved in the program development, selection criteria and comprehensive training of the entire team. The training included emergency response, what to do in natural disasters, first aid, etc.

### Customer Focus –

mh9 uses a simple philosophy, which is to meet client needs according to best practices available globally. Our skills are enhanced by benchmarking from the top organizations and role models available in the international market.

We settle for nothing but the best, and for this reason our client list is rapidly growing. In a short span of time, mh9 has been able to not only attract exceptional talent, but also blue chip clients. When a relationship is established with a client, mh9 endeavors to learn about the industry and environment the client is operating in – this helps in understanding real needs and being more relevant.

### International Affiliations -

mh9 solutions works with some top class companies that are considered experts in their field. These partners are chosen from the region so they are well accustomed to the culture and environment and thus can understand our client needs better. We have business alliances with Eastern Skyjets, Precept Management Consultancy, Reliance Medical UK, Insen Electrics Shenzhen, Field Forensics Inc., Net-Safety Monitoring Inc., Petersen International, USA, CO – Know Before You Go, Dun & Bradstreet, NATO, The World Bank Group, UN Global Marketplace and BSI.



## NATIONAL BOOK FOUNDATIONS

**Contact Person:** Murad Ali Mohamand  
**Address:** Plot 36 B/2, phase v, Hayatabad  
**Telephone Number:** +92 91 9217273  
**Fax No.** +92 91 9217273

### Introduction

National Book Foundation was established in 1972 as a service rendering educational welfare organization. It is a statutory corporation created through an Act of the Parliament in order to make books available at moderate prices. It has its Head Office in Islamabad and Regional Offices at each provincial Headquarters. In addition it has Branch Offices and bookshops. Its management and over all control vests in a Board of Governors. The Federal Education Minister is Chairman of the Board of Governors. The Chief Executive of the organization is the Managing Director.

### Book Promotion & Promotion of Reading Habit

- **Book Clubs:** Book reading once used to be a favorite pastime. People took great pleasure in reading and discussing books. Unfortunately, this golden tradition is now dying. To address this problem, NBF has taken initiative to launch a series of innovative projects including the formation of village Book Clubs, City Book Clubs, Children's Book Club, Prisoners' Free Minds Book Clubs, Senior Citizens Book Clubs, Travelers' Book Clubs (Books on Wheels), Flying Book Clubs, and hospital Book Clubs.
- **Book Ambassadors:** NBF has come up with another novel idea to appoint book loving celebrities of the country as Book Ambassadors to play their role in the promoting book reading habit. This prestigious appointment would be an honorary position. The book ambassadors would use the honor, respect and influence they enjoy in society to nurture the love of books and promote reading habit in society.
- **Readers Clubs:** it is the most popular development scheme in Pakistan. Under this scheme book are provided to members at

50% discount for promotion of reading habit at 47 important cities. The rest of the half is paid by the NBF. Books can be obtained on 55% discount from NBF Bookshops under this scheme.

- **Presidential Award on the Best Written Children Book on Quaid-e-Azam, Allama Iqbal and Pakistan:** Award is given to the author of the best children book on the Foundaer of Pakistan Quaid-e-Azam Mohammad Ali Jinnah, National Poet, Allama Mohammad Iqbal and Pakistan annually.
- **Books for Children and Neo-literates:** the scheme envisages development of suitable manuscripts and publishing of good quality supplementary reading material for children.

**Braille Press:** Braille books are provided to the visually disabled persons, almost free of cost. The Braille books include Holy Quran with Urdu translation which is one of its kind in the world, Bang-e-Dara, Bal-e-Jabriel alongwith over 108 other publications of national importance.



## NATIONAL CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE IN GEOLOGY, UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR

**Contact Person:** Muhammad Ali  
**Address:** National Centre of Excellence in  
 Geology, University of Peshawar  
**Telephone Number:** +92 91 9216427  
**Fax No.** +92 91 9218183  
**Email Address:** [aliumarzai@upesh.edu.pk](mailto:aliumarzai@upesh.edu.pk)

### Introduction:

The National Centre of Excellence in Geology (NCEG), University of Peshawar, is an institution of higher learning and research in geosciences. It was established in 1974 under an act of the parliament. Dr. R.A.Khan Tahirkheli was the founder Director of the Centre. Upon his retirement, Dr. M. Qasim Jan succeeded him in 1988 who was succeeded by Prof: Dr. Syed Hamidullah in January 2001, Dr. M. Asif Khan in 2002 and again by Dr. Syed Hamidullah in 2003. After, the death of S. Hamidullah, in an air crash, now Dr. M. Asif Khan is the Director of the Centre.

### The function of the Centre includes:

- To engage in goal-oriented high level teaching and research;
- To train research workers;
- To establish M. Phil. Ph. D and other programs in the relevant discipline in accordance with the standard and requirements of the University in which the Centre is established
- To promote co-operation and inter-disciplinary relationship with other teaching and research establishments.
- To arrange conferences, seminars, workshops and refresher courses for the development of teaching and research.
- To conduct teaching and research in sub particular disciplines as is assigned to it by the Federal Government in consultation with the University in which the Centre is established.

The centre has carried out extensive geological and environmental research in northern Pakistan. The research (both applied and pure) is published regularly in national and international journals. The

enthusiasm and research capabilities of the scientists of the Centre have attracted many established geoscientists from abroad for collaborative work. Several national/international seminars and symposia on geology and tectonics of northern Pakistan were held by the Centre. International linkages have provided ample opportunities for our scientists to enhance their knowledge, as well as that of their associates and students. The Centre has also offered several short courses for in-service geologists.



## NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

**Contact Person:** Javed Azam  
**Address:** 14th floor, Shaheed-e-Millat Secretariate, Jinnah Avenue, Islamabad  
**Telephone Number:** +92 51 9216200  
**Fax No.** +92 51 9216164  
**Email Address:** [javed.azam@nchd.org.pk](mailto:javed.azam@nchd.org.pk)

National Commission for Human Development (NCHD) was established by the Government of Pakistan in 2002 as a statutory autonomous federal body, mandated with the role to support and augment human development efforts in Pakistan. NCHD is registered under Ordinance No. XXIX of 2002.

### Our Vision

We seek a literate and healthy nation, where government is empowered to provide basic education and health facilities to all. Our vision is to learn from the experiences of both public and private sectors at national and international level, identify best practices and use them for effecting improvements in the social sectors in Pakistan.

### Our Mission

“NCHD mission is to support the government by filling the implementation gaps and improve public sector delivery mechanisms to achieve the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) and “Education For All” with focus on:

- Goal 2: Achieve Universal Primary Education
- Goal 3: Promote Gender Equality and empower women
- Goal 4: Reduce Child Mortality
- Goal 5: Improve Maternal Health”

### Our Strategy

We are deeply committed to promoting learning for all people- especially for the most vulnerable adults and children who are most

difficult to reach. The basic NCHD strategy is to introduce a process complimenting the ongoing efforts to achieve MDGs in Pakistan.

Developing an operational framework to introduce processes that remain consistent with the objective of achieving the MDGs has been one of the cornerstones of NCHD’s strategy. NCHD has adopted an innovative strategy for improving the state of human development, directly focused on people’s needs by acting as a support organization at the grassroots to fill the implementation gaps through community participation.

The core of NCHD strategy lies with:

1. Public Private Partnership
2. Capacity Building of Government Line Departments, Community Organizations and Elected Officials
3. Community partnership and Ownership

### National presence

We are present in 134 districts of Pakistan including FATA, Gilgit Baltistan, and Azad Jammu Kashmir providing people with an easy access to education and health facilities.

### High level of check and balance system

Through the establishment of NCHD and PHDF, the Government of Pakistan has set up a two-pronged governance structure to create check and balances systems. NCHD is responsible for implementation of the programs, while PHDF is the custodian of funds for human development endeavors of NCHD.

### NCHD Programs:

- Education
- Health
- Volunteerism for community Development Department
- Community Technology Learning Centre
- Global Resource Mobilization

## NATIONAL RURAL SUPPORT PROGRAMME (NRSP)

**Contact Person:** Saeed Raza  
**Address:** NRSP, KPK, Region Office, Near Darvesh Floor Mills, Aza Khel Bala, Distt: Nowshera  
**Telephone Number:** +92 92 3580739  
**Fax No.** +92 92 3580200  
**Email Address:** [saeed.nrsp.kpk@gmail.com](mailto:saeed.nrsp.kpk@gmail.com)

**The Organization:** National Rural Support Programme (NRSP) was registered in 1991 as a Company Limited by guarantee and Not-for-Profit Organization. The main strengths of NRSP are (a) demonstrated ability to organize the people at the grass root level, (b) build their capacities to access various services from public and private sector, and (c) create effective linkages with government. NRSP is now working in present 58 districts across Pakistan and therefore continuously works for the inclusion of women, the destitute, and others from minority groups in its programmes

NRSP aims at improving the quality of life of the poor and disadvantaged communities by fostering a network of grass root level organizations and their capacity building to enable these organizations to function as independent and viable institutions. NRSP follows a holistic development approach and, therefore, is engaged in activities covering number of sectors. Social Mobilization has a special niche at NRSP; it mobilizes and facilitates the communities to address the issues with regards to Natural Resources Management, Education & Health (mainly through linkages), Microfinance & Livelihoods, Human Resources Development & Rural Physical Infrastructure development.

It is the mandate of the National Rural Support Programme (NRSP) to alleviate poverty through the harnessing of people's potential. This being achieved through social mobilization, capacity building of both government and communities, the formation of linkages between civil society and government, awareness raising of the rights of communities and the construction physical infrastructure for market linkages and service provision.

Since 2005, the organization has also been working on relief and rehabilitation activities setting up a Disaster Management Unit following the AJK Earthquake. This unit works in close coordination with the NRSP's network of 123,668 community organisations (comprising 1.01 million men and 0.83 million women) and 311 Local Support Organisations, now situated in all four provinces of Pakistan (and AJK). 6193 of the COs are based in KPK consisting of 94,229 members. The organisation is now working to build the capacity of these institutions in setting up democratic, accountable and financially sound systems within these structures. The NRSP has consistently worked to raise awareness of disaster management within communities establishing a number of Disaster Management Committees comprised of community members..

**Legal basis:** NRSP is a homegrown organization established in 1991 by Government of Pakistan with initial seed money. It is an autonomous organization registered as Company Limited by Guarantee under Section 42 of the Company's Ordinance 1984 (XLVII of 1984). The registration number of NRSP is 1-00812. NRSP is a company limited by guarantee, licensed under section 42 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Being a company NRSP is subject to compliance with the requirements of the 5th Schedule to the Companies Ordinance, 1984 which requires it to follow generally accepted accounting principles and international financial reporting standard (IFRS) in the preparation of its accounts.

**Structure and staff:** NRSP is governed by a 14 members Board of Directors. There are three Ex-officio directors as well from government of Pakistan. Chairman NRSP provides overall directions to the Programme. CEO NRSP is mainly responsible for lobbying and advocacy with national and international stakeholders and guide the Programme to keep it abreast with the changing national and international development scenarios. The General Manager NRSP looks after the operational and administrative side.



## NETWORK FOR HUMAN AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

**Contact Person:** Dr. Fauzia Moghees  
**Address:** House # 237, Rohtas road, G-9/1, Islamabad  
**Telephone Number:** +92 512851418  
**Fax No.** +92 512851418  
**Email Address:** [fauziamughees@gmail.com](mailto:fauziamughees@gmail.com)

Network for Human and Social Development is the independent project of Kaus-e-Kazah Organization working for vulnerability reduction of the communities and the institutions. It acts as a bridge between Social and Humanitarian development and a think tank in support of the national disaster risk management programs. It works for the promotion of disaster risk reduction research and learning through both traditional and scientific means.

### Training Centre:

NHSD is also a training centre, with an accompanying careers advisory service. It aims to increase the efficiency of humanitarian aid and development programmes through training personnel to act professionally and with commitment. NHSD training expertise is focused to Support national and international operations (all aspects of disaster risk management programmes) through basic awareness via extensive courses. All courses are highly practical and are acknowledged by Non Governmental Organizations (NGO's) and International Institutions.

### Areas of interest:

- ❖ Disaster Management
- ❖ Environmental Protection
- ❖ Women Empowerment

### Current Projects

- ❖ Rain water harvesting project ERRA in Kohistan, Battgram, Shangla
- ❖ Training in CBDRM, Health Oriented training Malteser International
- ❖ Training in First aid and Search and rescue Inter cooperation, HAASHAR association, SUNGI

## PAKISTAN COUNCIL OF RESEARCH IN WATER RESOURCES (PCRWR)

**Contact Person:** Abdul Munaf Sipraw  
**Address:** WRRC, 31-32, main double road, Sector E-8, Phase 7, Hayatabad, Peshawar  
**Telephone No:** +92-91-5890465  
**Fax No:** +92-91-5890463  
**E-mail Address:** [pcrwrpsh@yahoo.com](mailto:pcrwrpsh@yahoo.com)

### Introduction

The Pakistan Council of Research in Water Resources (PCRWR) was established in 1964, under a resolution and named as Irrigation, Drainage and Flood Control Research Council (IDFCRC) within the Ministry of Natural Resources. It was brought under the control of Ministry of Science and Technology in 1970. The Council was renamed as Pakistan Council of Research in Water Resources (PCRWR) in 1985. The PCRWR is an apex autonomous body established with the objective to conduct, organize, coordinate and promote research in all aspects of water resources. Since its inception, PCRWR has played its role as a national research organisation by undertaking and promoting applied as well as basic research in various disciplines of water sector, more specifically, irrigation, drainage, surface and groundwater management, groundwater recharge, watershed management, desertification control, rainwater harvesting, , water quality assessment and monitoring, and development of innovative water resource management, conservation and quality improvement technologies, etc.

### Mandate

The PCRWR is mandated to conduct, organise, co-ordinate and promote research in all fields of water resources engineering, planning and management, so as to optimally use the available land and water resources and to help achieve sustainability in the agricultural sector.

### Governance Structure-

The Act of Parliament for establishment of the Pakistan Council of Research in Water Resources received the assent of the President on

April 14, 2007. The 1st meeting of the Board of Governors (BoG) was convened on September 17, 2007 at the PCRWR Headquarters, Islamabad. Chaudhary Naurez Shakoor Khan, Federal Minister for Science and Technology chaired the 1st meeting of BoG. The overall decision-making body of the PCRWR is its Board of Governors (BoG), responsible for the control, direction and superintendence of the affairs of the PCRWR. Technical and Executive Committees assist the Board in its operation. The Federal Minister and Secretary (Scientific and Technological Division), Ministry of Science and Technology are the President and Vice President of the Board respectively.

Undertake research on development, management, conservation, utilization and quality of water resources. Develop and maintain National Water Resources Database. Design, develop and evaluate water conservation technologies. Undertake contractual research and provide consultancy services to the private and public sector. Establish liaison and collaborate with other related national and international research and development organizations. Publish scientific papers, reports, periodicals, arrange seminars, training workshops and conferences on water related issues.

- Conduct, organize, coordinate and promote research on all aspects of water resources, including irrigation, drainage, reclamation, navigation, drinking water, industrial water, and sewerage management and to set up national centers, wherever necessary.
- Advise the government and submit policy recommendations regarding quality, development, management, conservation and utilization of water resources.
- Develop and maintain national water resources database, for use by the planning, implementing agencies and public.
- Design, develop and evaluate water conservation technologies for irrigation, drinking and industrial water.
- Commercialize its research and development results by the sale of products, patents and services.
- Undertake contractual research and provide consultancy services to the private and public sector.

- Establish liaison and collaborate with other related national and international research and development organisations, universities and NGOs.
- Publish scientific papers, reports and periodicals, and arrange seminars, training workshops and conferences on water-related issues.
- Initiate national water quality monitoring programme, in the urban and rural areas of Pakistan and develop technologies for providing safe drinking water to the public.
- Conduct and coordinate research on desertification, drought and flood mitigation.



## PAKISTAN METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT

**Contact Person:** Syed Mushtaq Ali Shah  
**Address:** Regional Meteorological Centre,  
 Khyber Road Peshawar  
**Telephone Number:** 091-9210190  
**Fax No.** 091-9210223  
**Email Address:** [mushtaqmet@yahoo.com](mailto:mushtaqmet@yahoo.com)

### Introduction:

The Pakistan Meteorological Department is both a scientific and a service department, and functions under the Ministry of Defense. It is responsible for providing meteorological and other related services throughout Pakistan to wide variety of interest and for numerous public activities and projects which require weather information. In its services to aviation the department's responsibility goes to some extent beyond national boundaries in fulfillment of accepted international agreements and obligations which include, among other things, the collection and rebroadcast of meteorological data.

Apart from meteorology, the department is also concerned with Agrometeorology, Hydrology, Astronomy and Astrophysics (including solar physics), Seismology, Geomagnetism, Atmospheric Electricity and studies of the Ionosphere and Cosmic Rays. Pakistan Meteorological Department shoulders the responsibility to investigate the factors responsible for global warming, climate change its impact assessment and adaptation strategies in various sectors of human activities.

### Services

- i) Observatories, data generation and dissemination services
- ii) Aeronautical forecasts and warning services for Civil Aviation, PAF, Army, Navy and other users
- iii) Flood forecast and warning services
- iv) Earthquake data and seismic information services to Civil Engineers and other users for dams, bridges, townships etc
- v) Farmer's Weather Bulletin and Warning Services
- vi) Marine Meteorological Forecasting and Warning Services
- vii) Air Pollution Monitoring Services

- viii) Research activities in Meteorology, Climatology, Hydrology, Oceanography, Atmospheric Physics, Environmental Pollution, Geophysics
- ix) Agricultural Meteorology
- x) Training in Meteorology and Geophysics.

## PAKISTAN NUCLEAR REGULATORY AUTHORITY

**Contact Person:** Noorul Amin  
**Address:** P.O Box 1912, Islamabad  
**Telephone Number:** +92 51 9263019  
**Fax No.** +92 51 9263009  
**Email Address:** [noorulamin@pnra.org](mailto:noorulamin@pnra.org)

### Vision of PNRA:

To become a world class regulatory body with highly trained, competent and dedicated personnel working in unison with a zeal to foster a positive safety culture in their licensees and regulate nuclear facility to protect the public, workers and environment from the harmful effects of radiation in a manner that wins the confidence of all the stake holders viz, the public, the Government and the licensees.

### Mission of PNRA:

To ensure safe operation of nuclear facilities and to protect radiation workers, general public and the environment from the harmful effects of radiation by formulating and implementing effective regulations and building a relationship of trust with the licensees and maintain transparency in its actions and decisions.

### Message by Chairman PNRA:

PNRA has progressed remarkably during the last five years of its inception. However, we need to increase the pace of our progress to further strengthen the trust of our stakeholders upon us.

## PAKISTAN RED CRESCENT SOCIETY

**Contact Person:** Tufail Ahmad  
**Address:** National Headquarter Pakistan, Red Crescent Society, Sector H-8, Islamabad  
**Telephone Number:** +92 91 5254383  
**Fax No.** +92 91 5254384  
**Email Address:** [tufailahmad1@hotmail.com](mailto:tufailahmad1@hotmail.com)

Pakistan Red Crescent Society (PRCS) is a statutory body constituted through an Act of Parliament and founded by decree of Quaid-e-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah in December, 1947. It is represented throughout the country, in each of the five provinces, AJK, FATA, and 85 districts. The Pakistan Red Crescent Society is a part of a Movement that consists of international Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) and the National Societies.

Pakistan Red Crescent Society is a humanitarian organization, dedicated to improving lives of vulnerable segments of the society. The core areas of the work, in line with the overall strategy of PRCS, are Disaster Management, Health Care and promotion of Humanitarian Values supported by an ongoing process of Organizational Development. The Society in its working draws inspiration from the seven fundamental principles of the 'Movement', namely: Humanity, Impartiality, Neutrality, Independence, Voluntary Service, Unity and Universality. The main activities of the Society are relief work during and after disasters, both natural and man made, and primary health and welfare services for the less privileged and marginalized people.

The PRCS came to the forefront soon after independence when it provided valuable humanitarian services to millions of refugees entering Pakistan. Since then it has emerged as the leading humanitarian organization in the provision of relief services (First Aid, Ambulance Service, Blood Transfusion Services and arranging Food and Shelter) to the suffering humanity during wars, conflicts and natural calamities at various points in the nation's history.



Its extensive relief activities and subsequent participation in rehabilitation and reconstruction aftermath of floods, fires, drought, earthquakes and other natural calamities have earned the society not only respect but accolades from masses as well.

Pakistan Red Crescent Society is providing free preventive and curative health care to hundreds of thousands of people particularly women and children in over 190 medical facilities run by the society, ranging from hospitals to maternity and child welfare center and dispensaries.

PRCS disaster management program are focused towards dealing with natural calamities and man induced disasters.

PRCS Tracing Service operates around the world through the Movement network, tirelessly seeking to reestablish context between separated family members and reuniting them whenever possible and also maintaining the contact of those detained in jails with their families.

PRCS information/Dissemination center looks after all the promotional, image building and advocacy campaigns to PRCS work. Moreover, it is involved in the dissemination of humanitarian values and fundamental principles programs at all levels. However, PRCS, most significantly endeavors to strengthen the humanitarian and social values by promoting ideals of tolerance, non-violence, sympathy, love and respect for others in the society.

## PAKISTAN SCIENCE FOUNDATION

**Contact Person:**

**Mahboob Khan**

**Address:**

Science Caravan KPK Unit PFI  
University Campus Peshawar

**Telephone Number:**

+92 91 9216655

**Fax No.**

+92 91 5704042

### Pakistan Science Foundation

Pakistan Science Foundation was established in 1973 through an Act of National Assembly to promote and finance scientific activities having bearing on the socio-economic needs of the country. It is an autonomous organization under the umbrella of the Federal Ministry of Science & Technology, Government of Pakistan.

The general direction, conduct and management of the affairs of the Foundation are vested in a Board of Trustees, comprises of three full-time Members and sixteen part-time Members appointed by the President of Pakistan. The whole time Members i.e., Chairman, Member (Science) and Member (Finance), constitute the Executive Committee which is responsible for the management of the day to day affairs of the Foundation.

### Statutory Functions

1. Establishment of Comprehensive S & T information dissemination centers.
2. Promotion of basic & Fundamental research.
3. Utilization of research results including pilot plant studies.
4. Establishment of science centers, museums, herbaria/planetaria.
5. Promotion of scientific societies, associations and academies.
6. Funding for holding of conferences, symposia seminars.
7. Exchange of visits of scientists and technologists with other countries.

8. Grant of awards & prizes to individuals engaged in developing processes, products and inventions.
9. Funding of scientific surveys & collection of scientific statistics.
10. Review and evaluate the progress and results of scientific research sponsored.
11. Establish liaison with similar bodies in other countries.

#### Subsidy Organizations

Pakistan Scientific and Technological Information Center (PASTIC)

Pakistan Museum of Natural History (PMNH)

## PROVINCIAL DISASTER MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY, KPK

**Contact Person:** Muhammad Javed Siddiqi  
**Address:** Civil Secretariate KPK Peshawar  
**Telephone Number:** 091-9212060  
**Fax No.** 091- 9214025  
**Email Address:** [javed\\_siddiqis@hotmail.com](mailto:javed_siddiqis@hotmail.com)

**Introduction/ Background:** After the overwhelming earthquake of October 8, 2005 the immediate need felt was the absence of an organized mechanism at government level to look after the aftermaths. Feeling the need of an independent all encompassing organization to respond to any kind of disaster, the Federal Government promulgated National Disaster Ordinance, 2007 and National Disaster Management Authority was established at Federal level. This was followed by establishment of Provincial Disaster Management Authorities at provincial level including the PDMA, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. After establishment of PDMA, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, the Provincial Relief Commissionerate officiating under the National Calamity Act, 1958 has been abolished with effect from 30.6.2010.

In May 2009 massive internal human displacement of World's history from Malakand Division of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa took place. Over 2.3 million people left their homes due to the military operation 'Raah-e-Raast' launched by the security forces against miscreants in the region. This was the first ever experience of PDMA. The Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa recognizing the fact that PDMA was a newly emerged organization with little resource, established the Emergency Response Unit (ERU) under the PDMA for the relief and quick assistance of internally displaced people.

The other aspect which the crisis in Malakand Division has put forwarded was massive damage to the public and private infrastructure and immediate recovery from the situation through improvement of basic services and reconstruction and rehabilitation of the infrastructure to restore confidence of people on government, was a challenge. Again keeping in view the resources constraint of the PDMA, the Provincial Government established the Provincial Reconstruction, Rehabilitation



and Settlement Authority (PaRRSA) under the umbrella of PDMA to look after the whole process of reconstruction and rehabilitation in the conflict hit zones of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

- ❑ **Role & Responsibility:** The PDMA is mandated for overall coordination role with regard to setting up a system for disaster management at provincial and district level, preparedness and mitigation activities and public awareness as well as coordinating response during any disaster. The PaRRSA is carrying out all the reconstruction and rehabilitation activities in the militancy affected areas.

#### ❑ **PDMA ACHIEVEMENTS IN FLOOD**

##### **Relief & Early Recovery:**

- Provincial Government through PDMA and DCOs spent around Rs. 3.9 billion on relief activities. A summary of the relief expenditure made by Provincial Government is given below:

a. Funds used by DCOs	Rs.786 million
b. Funds used by other line Deptts.	Rs.7 million
c. Funds given to Pak Army	Rs.13 million
d. Funds spent by PDMA for purchase of FIs & NFIs	Rs.635million
e. Share in Watan Cards Prog.	Rs.2500 (M)

##### **Total:**

**Rs. 3,941 (M)**

- Through active coordination by the PDMA, The humanitarian community and Pakistan Army also contributed towards relief efforts. The relief phase has ended on 31<sup>st</sup> January 2011. The NDMA in collaboration with the PDMA has put in place a coordination mechanism for early recovery activities being carried out by the humanitarian community. 08 Sectoral Working Groups have been formed. PDMA and UNDP at the Provincial level will lead the process. This Early Recovery activity is planned to be completed by 31<sup>st</sup> December 2011.

#### ❑ **Watan Cards:**

- In order to compensate to some extent private losses, Watan cards were issued throughout the country. In Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Watan cards were issued on the basis of rapid housing survey completed by PDMA by the end of September 2010. Out of a total caseload of **295,684**, NADRA has verified **213,099** beneficiaries and so far **204,625** cards have been issued to the beneficiaries. The Provincial Government has disbursed around Rs. **4 billion** for giving first tranche of housing compensation @ **Rs. 20,000/-** per family through Watan Cards as on 13<sup>th</sup> April 2011. For the second tranche of Rs. 40,000/-, a strategy is being finalized at the national level in consultation with the provinces.

#### ❑ **People Rescued with the help of Army 55,000**

##### ❑ **Food and Rations**

- In August 22,500 Families
- Meals Ready to eat 150,000 distributed in August
- More than 15,000 families assisted with cooked food in camps
- More Than 1,000 Tons of Rations transported to Swat and Upper Areas by Ghazi Base

##### ❑ **Shelter**

- 30,000 Tents provided to PDMA and Districts
- 23 Flood affected people camps established across province
- Non Food Items Distributed in 23 Camps established by Army

##### ❑ **Construction Activities**

- Schools Completed (Swat) - 19
- Mosques Completed (Swat) - 14
- Army Troops assisted in reconstruction of local house in Swat
- 11 Compact 200 Bridges erected at various places
- Bailey Bridge (100 ft span, Cl 9) relocated and installed at Chakdara

- Repair of Chakdara , Bagh Dheri and Mingora Bus Stand Bridge sites
- ❑ **PARRSA ACHIEVEMENTS (RECONSTRUCTION AND REHABILITATION)**
  - Health**
    - 6 numbers fully damaged BHUs 94 in Swat, 1 in Dir Upper and 1 in Buner being reconstructed with a total cost of Rs 152.22.
    - 14 number partially damaged BHUs (7 in Swat, 6 in Dir Lower and 1 in Buner) being rehabilitated at total cost of Rs.139.406.
  - ❑ **Education**
    - Out of the total 180 fully damaged schools in Malakand Division 122 are being reconstructed through USAID, 37 through UAE, 4 Qatar Charity, 1 UN Habitat, 2 save the Children.
  - ❑ **Water Supply & Sanitation**
    - 29 new water supply new schemes (22 in Swat and 7 in Buner) are under construction.
    - 15 tube wells are being upgraded in Swat
  - ❑ **Agriculture & Livestock (Early Recovery Agriculture & Livelihood Project) Malakand Division**
    - Till date more than 15000 packages containing certified seeds of maize, pea, wheat, onion, mung and mash have been distributed.
    - More than 36.06 metric tons of maize seeds with fertilizers distributed.
    - 24 metric tons of pea seeds with fertilizers distributed.
    - 1,358 tons (27,160 bags) of fertilizer are distributed among the farmers.
    - More than 2.1 million forest plants raised through local private nursery farms.
    - A total of 85,500 wild olive trees have been budded / grafted with improved olives while arrangement of 36000 improved / imported cultivars of Olive has been.

- Support in the form of fruit plants, fertilizers, pesticides, spray machines and capacity building is being extended to the orchard growers of the project area.
  - 10 poultry farms were provided with 12 tons of feed.
  - In the same vein, home-based poultry is being supported by provisioning of 11,065 poultry units (120,180 chicks) with 200 tons of feed to the female vulnerable farmers.
  - 100 kilometer conventional irrigation channels is under improvement
  - ❑ **Sustainable Development through Peace-building, Governance and Economic Recovery in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (Peace & Development)**
    - Rubble removal in Sultanwas, Buner costing PKR 10.70 Million.
    - Support to Aman Festival costing PKR 4.50 Million.
    - Installation of Solar Street Lights in Sultanwas.
    - Rehabilitation of Fiza Gut Park costing Rs. 37 million.
    - Provision of emergency response kits for 27 UCs of District Buner.
    - Snow clearance Rs. 15.2 million (Swat & Dir –Upper).
    - Skill development through SRSP costing Rs. 40 million.
    - Provision of basic infrastructure (through local communities) Rs. 36 million.
    - Skiing Gala was organized in January 2011 in Malamjaba, Swat costing Rs 0.5 million.
- Training workshops for around 180 officers and support staff of PaRRSA, Special Support Group, Line Departments and District Disaster Management Units completed costing Rs 2.5 million.



## RAHNUMA-FAMILY PLANNING ASSOCIATION OF PAKISTAN

**Contact Person:** Mr. Fakhre-Alam  
**Address:** Rahnuma-Family Planning Association of Pakistan,  
 Regional office/FHH Peshawar, gulbahar  
 Colony number -1, Peshawar City.  
**Telephone Number:** 091-2260468  
**Fax No.** 091-2261795  
**Email Address:** falam@fpapak.org

### Our Vision:

Rahnuma – FPAP to lead a right based movement wing the ICPD holistic development paradigm which strengthens family well being, enables empowerment of women, supports youth and protects children.

### Our Mission:

Rahnuma \_ FPAP is committed to:-

- Promoting Family Planning and sexual and Reproductive Health as a basic human right.
- Providing sustainable and quality sexual and reproductive health and government, NGOs and civil society.
- Improving the quality of life of the poor and marginalized.

### Introduction:

Rahnuma started serving poor and marginalized people of Pakistan as the Family Planning Association of Pakistan (FPAP) way back in 1953, as one of the pioneers in providing family planning services and advocating for the small family norm. The government later embraced the cause by establishing the Ministry of Population Welfare. In about a decade, Rahuma- FPAF had grown up from one-room operation at Karachi, Lahore and Dhaka to an infrastructure of district branches with model clinics and information centers extending the message to men and women. It expanded its work through community based infrastructure by establishing the family welfare centers in peri-urban and rural areas. Now the organization has the biggest infrastructure by

an NGO in Pakistan, which consists of the Family Welfare Centers, Family Health Hospitals, Focus Area programs and a wide network of referrals from the private practitioners. Rahnuma – FPAP has also pioneered in the concepts of social marketing of contraceptives, family welfare centers and reproductive health services.

As the organization has celebrated over fifty years of momentous achievements and encouraging history, its name did not reflect the scope of its work. So FPAP renamed itself to “Rahnuma”, which means a guide for development and prosperity. The change in name and logo was an outcome of a management review, in which a comprehensive analysis of management and human resource was done to enhance the organizational capacity for meeting Currently, Rahnuma is working on its strategic framework of 5 A’S that include: Adolescents and catering to their need: combating HIV/AIDS: minimizing the risk of unsafe Abortion: increasing Access to services, particularly for the poor and the marginalized: and Advocacy for the Rights.

## RURAL DEVELOPMENT POLICY INSTITUTE

**Contact Person:** Abdul Shakoor Sindhu  
**Address:** House No.755, Street No.24 G-9/1, Islamabad  
**Telephone Number:** +92 51 2856623  
**Fax No.** +92 51 2854783  
**Email Address:** [shakoor@rdpi.org.pk](mailto:shakoor@rdpi.org.pk)

**Rural Development Policy Institute (RDPI)** is a civil initiative aimed to stimulate public dialogue on policies; inform public action; and activate social regrouping to celebrate capacities and address vulnerabilities of resource-poor rural communities in Pakistan. RDPI undertakes research, planning, training, advocacy and demonstration endeavors to streamline appropriate and people-centered rural development in Pakistan.

### Who we are

RDPI is a non-profit civil society organization dedicated to sustainable rural development in Pakistan. We started our work in 2001-02, from the small town of Pindi Bhattian in central Punjab. Since then, our geographical coverage and scope of work has expanded, and our domain of activities and expertise has significantly broadened, ranging from disaster and environmental risk reduction to concrete initiatives strengthening local livelihoods.

### Our objectives

- To undertake action and policy research on issues of direct and indirect relevance to rural areas with a people centric approach and sustainable development perspective
- To engage, advise and assist communities, elected and non-elected people's representatives, government and civil society organizations; and build their capacities on issues, perspectives and strategies for appropriate rural development
- To mobilize resources, inform public opinion and action, and influence public policies towards people-centric, locally driven,

environmentally sustainable, disaster resistant and gender sensitive rural development

- To demonstrate and promote appropriate technologies and strategies for disaster risk reduction, natural resource management, sustainable livelihoods, energy, housing, transport, and community physical infrastructure.

### Our values

We cherish and promote the values of; modesty, democracy, social justice, economic equity, gender equality, political participation, and cultural and environmental sensitivity in all of our activities.

### Whom we work with

We are committed to work with people and groups whose physical remoteness, social exclusion, political marginalization, economic resource-less-ness and vulnerability to disasters and environmental risks render them helpless and hopeless to vicious poverty cycles. We strive to provide them with the needed skills, resources and appropriate technologies to help them broaden their spectrum of choices within their means. We also work in collaboration with local governments and provincial and federal government departments in a way to bridge the gap between the state and the poor. Working in partnership with like-minded civil society organizations is one of our main strategies. We have been and are working in some of the most marginalized riverine and desert regions of Pakistan as well as in earthquake affected Kashmir.

Currently RDPI has worked with Indus Consortium (Plan Pak, Help Foundation, LHDP, Doaba Foundation, BSWA) in 2010 flood affected communities of South Punjab and Sindh. RDPI remained part of relief and rehabilitation process in six districts of Punjab and Sindh (Muzaffargarh, Rajanpur, Ghotki, Thatta, Liya, and Khairpur).



## RedR UK

**Contact Person:** Mubashir Fida  
**Address:** House No. 18, Street No. 1 F-6/3,  
 Islamabad  
**Telephone Number:** +92 51 8357974  
**Fax No.** +92 51 2272719  
**Email Address:** [mubashir.fida@redr.org.uk](mailto:mubashir.fida@redr.org.uk)

Each year millions of people around the world feel the effects of natural disaster and conflict. RedR is an international charity that believes if the right people with the right skills are available to respond to disaster, more people's lives can be saved. We support this ideal by delivering essential training and support to relief organisations and their staff, and by providing skilled professionals to humanitarian programmes around the world. Our work helps to improve the effectiveness of disaster relief, enabling both local and international relief workers to react to the needs of those affected by disaster, efficiently and safely.

The UK office of RedR delivers training programmes in the United Kingdom and offers technical support service, recruitment service, bespoke training service and learning and development. The organization has programmes in Sudan and Pakistan and has run training programmes in Haiti. RedR affiliates are present in Australia, India, Sri Lanka, Canada and Malaysia.

### RedR's Programme in Pakistan

Pakistan has been plagued by a number of disasters in recent years. This year the country has been hit with the worst flooding in decades. An estimated 1,500 people have died and it is feared that more than 20 million people are affected and in desperate need of aid following the flooding.

There has been a large humanitarian presence in the North-West Frontier Province (NWFP) of Pakistan and neighbouring areas, ever since the earthquake in 2005, which left 73,000 dead and affected over 8 million people.

Security in Pakistan is fragile, with a spate of recent bombings and direct attacks on the humanitarian community.

In March 2010, RedR set up a new programme in Islamabad in Pakistan to provide vital support to the humanitarian community across the country. We are currently delivering training in security management humanitarian practice and principles. This follows a previous programme in Pakistan set up in response to the 2005 earthquake, which ran until June 2006. Under its regular programme RedR has delivered following trainings in Pakistan:

- Essentials of Humanitarian Practice (5 Days)
- Introduction to the Do No Harm Framework (2 Days)
- Certificate in Security Management (accredited by Oxford Brookes University)(5 Days)
- Hostage Incident Management (1 Day)
- Driver Safety and First Aid (3 Days)
- Security Guards Training (1 Day)
- Elements of Emergency Action (3 Days)

Apart from its regular programme the Pakistan office offers specialized bespoke trainings. The organization through its UK office has a pool of 1,700 professionals that can deliver a variety of tailor-made courses for the humanitarian organizations in the country. A similar membership drive is planned in Pakistan to gather a pool of specialist trainers in the country.

Maintaining quality during the trainings is vital, RedR has strong in house quality assurance mechanisms. We value feedback from our participants and trainers and continuously improve our trainings. In order to enhance values of our courses, we have developed partnerships with key organizations, like Pakistan Red Crescent, National Highways and Motorways Police, The Islamabad Capital Territory Police, Bahria Town, Kart Arena and Capital Car Rentals. We are also in the process of building partnerships with NDMA's National Institute of Disaster Management and Pakistan Centre for Philanthropy.

As of 15 February 2011, RedR has trained 717 humanitarian workers including 568 male and 149 female participants. The training programme aims at building the capacity of national staff and out of our total 717 trainees, 568 were national staff. Since the launch of its programme in July 2010, RedR has conducted 51 training sessions at an average of 6 sessions every month to respond to the greater demand for capacity building in Pakistan.

The training team in Pakistan is staffed with professional and highly qualified trainers. The training teams are led by an expatriate training team lead and are supported by local trainers. This enables RedR to blend international expertise with local skills and knowledge in order to deliver trainings that match and suit local context.

RedR has recently conducted a training needs assessment for the humanitarian sector. The study was commissioned to National Management Consultants. The highlights and suggests that RedR should expand its training programme in the country. In future we are looking to deliver trainings in project management, report writing/proposal writing and monitoring and evaluation.

## EMERGENCY RESCUE SERVICE (RESCUE 1122), KP

<b>Contact Person:</b>	Dr. Khateer Ahmad
<b>Address:</b>	Civil Defence, GT Road Peshawar
<b>Telephone Number:</b>	+92 91 2264223
<b>Fax No.</b>	+92 91 2584922
<b>Email Address:</b>	<a href="mailto:dr_khateer@hotmail.com">dr_khateer@hotmail.com</a>

### Introduction

The limited capacity to deal with emergencies such as road traffic accidents, building collapse, hazardous material incidents, explosives, bomb blast, fires and natural disaster has been putting the lives and properties of citizens at a risk as witness in several incidents especially October 5, 2005 earthquake in Pakistan and recent bomb blast in Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. The trained Emergency Service like emergency medical, Rescue & Fire service were virtually nonexistent, the ambulance service available in NGO sector are only patient transport vehicle without trained staff or equipment. Therefore, Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa needs to replicate the successfully tested emergency rescue service model established in Punjab. It shall include emergency ambulance Rescue & Fire Service & Disaster emergency response team in order to provide comprehensive, professional & effective emergency management & disaster response infrastructure for Peshawar. As a result of the establishment of this model project an efficient & effective system for emergency preparedness & response shall be in available in Peshawar. Under this project the emergency rescue services, services would be established in Peshawar with the help of existing offices (to be used as stations) civil defense, Fire brigade & other department etc. it required the number of station shall be increased under subsequence phases based on the experience of the services in term of response time population, distance, traffic load & industrialization.



## MISSION STATEMENT OF RESCUE 1122:

### “P R I D E”

#### **Professionalism:**

Through quality education, recognized certification and career long learning, all Rescuers will continue to improve their knowledge, skills and abilities.

#### **Responsive:**

Based on available resources, the Rescuers and officers will provide any community service, on a timely basis. In any activity, the safety and well-being of the fire fighters shall be highest priority.

#### **Integrity:**

To follow our Code of Conduct.

#### **Devotion:**

The expectation of the Rescue 1122 is to be loyal to the District while providing direction and guidance to our Rescuers. It is expected that through open, honest interactive communications, all members of Rescue 1122 will work together to strive for harmony and effective relationships.

#### **Excellence:**

The Provincial team's goal is to provide the best possible community service through participatory leadership. Rescuers and citizens are encouraged to be involved in community issues. The need of orderly emergency scenes requires command and control of resources and manpower, rules will be enforced and officer decisions shall be followed. Our Standard Operating Protocol will provide the framework for such decisions. Currently Rescue 1122 performing services in district Peshawar, this service was officially launched on 25<sup>th</sup> September, 2010 by the chief Minister of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. As per now Rescue 1122 attended 1,118 Emergencies since 21<sup>st</sup> August, 2010 which includes Medical emergencies, RTA (Road Traffic Accidents), Fire, Hx of Fall (History of fall), building collapse, Bomb blast and other relevant emergencies.

Our average respond time is 6-9 minutes in an emergency situation, keeping in the view of traffic, route and address. Rescue 1122 is equips with ALS (Advance Life Support) Ambulances, Fire Vehicles and other Disaster Response Tool & Equipment. These are the some pictures of our Rescue activities in Peshawar District of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Pakistan.

## RENEWABLE ENERGY SOCIETY OF PAKISTAN (RESEARCH),

**Contact Person:** Iftikhar Qaisrani  
**Address:** H #654-F St. # 09 -A 1-10/2,  
 Islamabad  
**Telephone Number:** +92 51 4446651  
**Fax No.** +92 51 4446648  
**Email Address:** [write@research.org.pk](mailto:write@research.org.pk)

**Registered!** Under Society Act: 1860 (RLY/S/14); Renewable Energy Society for Education, Awareness, Research & Community Help (RESEARCH) is the first and only legal entity on Renewable Energy with a mandate to work jointly on multiple social and technical issues as illustrated under the bylaws of society

(<http://www.research.org.pk/mission.php>) with a philanthropic vision to “minimize national dependence on conventional resource and to promote alternative, environment friendly, sustainable resources of energy through education, awareness, research and community help”

**Today!** RESEARCH as a “Technical Institution” is the biggest podium on Renewable Energy with international partners and NGOs onboard and supported by its top viewed website on renewable energy [www.research.org.pk](http://www.research.org.pk), while RESEARCH as a “Civil Society Organization” is present at grassroots level for the wellbeing and prosperity of mankind. The Prime Minister of Pakistan, Chief Minister of Punjab and other high profile dignitaries of the country have visited and acknowledged the flood relief activities done by the society during the time of real need.

**RESEARCH!** Is the true voice and practical consortium on renewable energy sector with a team of renewable energy experts, social scientists, private investors, social workers and representation from consumers to work jointly on the formation of standards and to design research activities on renewable energy products. **RESEARCH** is also committed to set guide lines to develop a base line data R.C for donors and government agencies to improve the level of awareness for environment friendly energy in Pakistan.

## Our Program

### Technical Support Program

- Regulatory instruments (Policies, Laws and Institutional Arrangements)
- Formation of Quality Standards & Certification
- Renewable Energy Project & Data Management
- Networking of Renewable Energy think-tank, Organizations, Groups
- Water Resource Management
  - Nature Conservation Program
  - Energy Conservation Program
  - Institutions on Technical Training
  - Display Centers
  - Researchers Support Program
  - Advocacy and Capacity Building on Renewable Energy.
  - Micro credits on Renewable Energy Products
  - Campaigns

### Social Support Program (Community Help) includes;

- Networking
- “Community Help” through Corporate Social Responsibility
- Woman Awareness & Support Program
- R.E Awareness Campaign
- KPK Focus Program for Sustainable Development
- Action Against Suicide (ASS)
- Minority Support Program
- Event Management
- Media Support
- Volunteerism

### Donors Support Programs:

**RESEARCH** is also carrying out its Donors Support Activities to give them direct approach to grassroots level to act and response on socio-technical issues through its strong networking. RESEARCH for this have a team of professionals to execute micro and mega level energy



and social projects and to facilitate donors as operational partner. A true representation of civil society, a set of professional social workers and a grassroots level networking of partner and associates, NGOs, CBOs, community networks and members are in the work force of **RESEARCH** for Donor Support Programs to successfully execute.

**RESEARCH** is standing shoulder to shoulder with AEDB and other agencies committed to bring a green revolutionary change of renewable energy in Pakistan and for any other call of national interest. The society on other hand is also committed to improve the overall image of the country on global map as a modern, self dependent sovereign state where new trends and technologies should be under the mouse click of every individual.

#### **We value our objectives!**

Preliminary objective of the society is to minimize national dependence on conventional resources of energy and to promote alternative resources of energy

Secondary Objectives,

Detail of bylaws and Objectives are available at [www.research.org.pk](http://www.research.org.pk)

#### **Strategy Plan!** For the year 2009-11

Focused on our set objectives **RESEARCH** is the only Renewable Energy institution in the country with clear roadmap and plan to meet set targets. Please find details at [www.research.org.pk](http://www.research.org.pk)

**RESEARCH** Social & Technical Support Programs are supported by **A.E.D.B, GWE, WWEA, GWEC, REN21, 350.org, Red r UK**; along with thousands of other national and international partners.

## **RURAL SUPPORT PROGRAMMES NETWORK (RSPN)**

**Contact Person:**

**Akhlaq Hussain**

**Address:**

House no. 7 Street No.49, Sector F-6/4, Islamabad

**Telephone Number:**

+92 51 2829141

**Fax No.**

+92 51 2829115

**Email Address:**

[akhlaq@rspn.org.pk](mailto:akhlaq@rspn.org.pk)

### **Introduction**

The Rural Support Programmes Network (RSPN) was registered in 2001 under Pakistan's Companies Ordinance (1984) as a non-profit company by the Rural Support Programmes (RSPs) of Pakistan. RSPN is a network of ten RSPs (AJKRSP, AKRSP, BRSP, GBTI, NRSP, PRSP, SRSO, SGA, SRSP and TRDP), and N-IRM. The RSPs involve poor communities (mainly but not exclusively rural) in improved management and delivery of basic services through a process of social mobilization. RSPN is a strategic platform for the RSPs: it provides capacity building support to them and assists them in policy advocacy and donor linkages. Currently, the RSPs have a presence in 109 districts (districts include those in the four provinces, Gilgit-Baltistan and AJK) and 2 FATA areas. The RSPs collectively work with a rural membership of community organizations of 3.92 million rural households.

### **Objective**

- Building capacity of the RSPs and other members;
- Undertaking policy advocacy with government and other key stakeholders, in order to make key policies more oriented towards the needs of poor people. Advocacy is commonly undertaken by advocating practical experiences of the RSPs, across the country. It entails documenting and providing exposure to policy makers across Pakistan, demonstrating improved service delivery and public-private partnership models;

- Supporting programmatic innovations to improve programmes for poor people, as a value-addition to the work done by the RSPs;
- Supporting the RSPs in setting standards for quality programmes;
- Promoting networking, coordination and experience sharing within its member community and with external stakeholders.

### History

The RSP Network (RSPN) was registered in 2001 under Pakistan's Companies Ordinance 1984. RSPN was set up by the Rural Support Programmes of Pakistan as coordination, strategy and capacity building body for the RSPs. RSPN also selectively provides consulting services through its in-house expertise and also through selected outsourcing.

RSPN's core funding is currently from the Department for International Development of the United Kingdom. However, RSPN has worked with a variety of donors and other partners in implementing projects with the RSPs. Such projects are managed by a Special Projects Wing at the RSPN. This Wing has been active in managing projects implemented by the RSPs, related to earthquake relief and rehabilitation in Pakistan's earthquake affected areas, as of October 2005 and related to flood relief and recovery as of August 2010.

## SHIRKAT GAAH WOMEN RESOURCE CENTRE

### Contact Person:

**Shagufta Hidayat**

### Address:

H # 41 F, Sahibzada Abdul Qayum  
Khan Road, Near Johar Khatun  
Hospital, University Town Peshawar

### Telephone Number:

091 5703567

### Fax No.

091 5854702

### Email Address:

[shagufta@hgah.org.pk](mailto:shagufta@hgah.org.pk)

### Vision

Shirkat Gah is committed to a just, vibrant, progressive and democratic society where women are fully empowered, gender equality, human security and opportunities are ensured for all, peace prevails and resources are shared on a sustainable and equitable basis.

### Mission

Shirkat Gah strives to:

- Build the capacity of women as rights claimants, able to make informed decisions, as well as to create alternative life-choices.
- Advocate and mobilize for positive changes in policies and practices from the community to the international arena.
- Hold the state accountable and develop a culture of peace, ensuring sustainable and equitable use of resources and full inclusion of rights of all people.

### At a Glance

Shirkat Gah is a multifaceted not for profit organization that works towards capacity building for women at an individual level supported by selected outreach partners across Pakistan, and at a strategic level to ensure good governance and policy making at the local and domestic level.

Shirkat Gah actively conducts and supports research that supports and assists its objective of empowering women. It works closely with the civil society and community based organizations.

Over almost three decades, Shirkat Gah has, and continues to play the role of a catalyst in bringing about change at the grassroots by



increasing awareness of existing policies, programmes and laws. It provides legal assistance, awareness and capacity building interventions in all four provinces of Pakistan to uplift the status of women in their own environment.

Today, Shirkat Gah has expanded well beyond the Collective to an organization operating across Pakistan, regionally and internationally, and enjoys ECOSOC status at the United Nations.

## SUNGI DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION

**Contact Person:** Titus Prinice  
**Address:** C-1691 Civil Lines, Abbottabad  
**Telephone Number:** +92 992 381253  
**Fax No.** +92 992 382300  
**Email Address:** [titus.prince@sungi.org](mailto:titus.prince@sungi.org)

### Our Vision

Our vision is peaceful and prosperous society based on social justice, equity and equality.

### Our Mission

Our Mission is bring about policy and institutional changes by mobilizing communities to transform their lives through equitable and sustainable use of resources without any discrimination against social origin, sex, race, caste and religion.

### Our Strategy

The success of the efforts to reduce poverty and promote good governance depends on the capital and potential that exists at the local level and whether an enabling environment exists to utilize it to the fullest. The local capital includes natural assets; such as land, water, forest, flora and fauna, social assets; such as family, community, social support networks; political assets; such as participation in decision making, appropriate decision making processes, empowerment and exercising basic human rights, human assets; such as, , labour, , physical assets; such as infrastructure including houses, roads, schools, hospitals and financial assets; such as saving, credit, enterprise, business, have an element of uncertainty. The enabling environment includes supportive policies, legal and regulatory framework, institutions, mechanisms and processes. All these capitals mentioned above are vulnerable to shocks, trends and seasonal fluctuations. Any effort to eradicate poverty and improve the quality of life of the poor must take into account all of the above mentioned factors and employ a holistic and integrated strategy to address them. To achieve this, Sungi uses DFID's sustainable

livelihoods framework to understand people's livelihoods, strategies, issues and problems.

There is however, a clear understanding that Sungi's role is to improve good governance by mobilizing people; influencing government policies, systems and structures and not to take roles of the government. This is ensured through following intervention strategies are adopted.

### **Introduction of to Disaster Management Programme**

Vulnerability being a reality of peoples' lives influenced Sungi's rights based development approach to include disaster management as one of the main elements and cross cutting theme. Sungi responded to a number of disasters including "South Asian Earthquake 2005" & "IDPs Crisis 2008-09", contributed significantly and added the learning in its institutional capacity of humanitarian response through its organized and trained community organizations.

In view of the disaster prone nature of Sungi's working areas and experience gained in this regard. Sungi is committed to provide humanitarian assistance to vulnerable sections of society and develop capacities of the marginalized women, men and children to mitigate and respond to disasters. Developing resilient communities is the main objective of Sungi's disaster management programme. Cascading effects of the natural and man-made disasters would be minimized by preparing communities to respond to emergencies as first responders and provide timely relief as disasters strike.

Disaster Management Programme has three thematic areas: Preparedness & Mitigation; Emergency Response; and Advocacy.

Sungi developed disaster management committees and emergency response teams in the most vulnerable areas, based on the vulnerability mapping. This is one of the tested sustainable models of community based disaster management.

Sungi is a member of HAP (Humanitarian Accountability Partnership) International. Sungi follows humanitarian standards in emergency response in addition to this Sungi is stepping forward for HAP certification by ensuring accountability principles in its work.

## **TEARFUND PAKISTAN**

### **Contact Person:**

**Sylvina Daniel**

### **Address:**

Tearfund Pakistan Ratnabad  
Mirpurkhas

### **Email Address:**

Pakistan-hrm@tearfund.org

### **About Tearfund:**

Tearfund, a Christian relief and development organisation working overseas, established in 1968, Its head office is in Teddington, London. Tearfund works in three key strategic areas Development, Disaster Management and Advocacy. Tearfund is focusing its resources on 35 countries; whenever possible we seek to work with and alongside Tearfund partner organisations and local churches. Tearfund always wishes to maximise coordination with Government, UN and other NGOs to ensure that Tearfund is complementing the overall relief efforts.

The Disaster Management Team (DMT) was started in 1993, DMT is a part of the International Group, Where disasters are on a large scale or partners have limited capacity, Tearfund will establish a DMT operational programme and will responds to:

Earthquake, tsunami, drought and others

### **DMT Strategy:**

Emergency Assistance, Early sustainable recovery and Advocacy

### **DMT Mandate:**

To reduce the death and suffering of vulnerable people by supporting "at risk" groups to mitigate, prepare for, respond to and recover from natural and man-made disaster.

### **Beneficiaries:**

Programmes aim to target the most vulnerable – those worst affected by disaster i.e. children, women, elderly, displaced, resettling families etc



### Pakistan Flood Relief

Funding for this project comes from donation made in UK and Netherlands. Tearfund has been responding alongside four partners, SSEWA-Pak, the Diocese of Hyderabad, the Adult Basic Education Society and Partner Aid International.

### Floods 2010 response in District Thatta:

TearFund Operations Pakistan (TOP) Team have field office in Makli District Thatta and working in Taluka Jati and Sujawal, Tearfund's Project Duration is Sept. 2010 to July 2012, supporting in following sectors:

#### 1. Food Security & Livelihoods (6000 HHs):

- Seed, Fertilizer and Cultivation support to 3000 HHs of 2 acres each in Sunflower, Rice and Mustered.
- 6000 baby goats (Livestock) Distribution in 3000 HHs.
- Cash for work activities for rehabilitation of rural infrastructure,
- Provisions of Water lift Machines, Forest tree saplings and community trainings.

#### 2. Reconstruction / Shelter (2700 HHs):

- Formation of Village Development Committees,
- Capacity building of local Carpenters and masons by conduction shelter construction trainings,
- Construction of transition shelters,

#### 3. WASH (6000 HHs):

- Provision of 2000 Bio sand Nadi filters,t
- Distribution of Hygiene kits
- Hygiene awareness session
- Installation of 400 Hand pumps on raised plate form,
- Construction of 2500 low cost latrines.

### TEKNOAIDS (PVT) LTD

#### Contact Person:

**Waseem Choudhry**

#### Address:

Plot 89 A, Stree #11, Industrial and Trade Centre, G-8/1.Islamabad

#### Telephone Number:

+92 51 2256161

#### Fax No.

+92 51 2856887

#### Email Address:

[sales@teknoaids.com](mailto:sales@teknoaids.com)

### Company Profile

Since its inception in 1978 TEKNOAIDS has been known as the innovative company that uses state of the art technologies to realize effective and affordable solutions for asset and people protection. TEKNOAIDS (PVT) LTD. is basically involved in contracting business for electrical and mechanical work. It also deals with consultation on automated entry/exit management solution for corporate, military, diplomatic, government and residential clients. We do not disturb or alter the premises, each property is inspected by our experts and engineers to identify potential security threats and then solution are devised to ensure maximum protection.

TEKNOAIDS (PVT) LTD. takes pride in their efforts to provide assistance with some of the very important defense related projects. We can assist you by undertaking a discussion and survey at your premises by reviewing your needs for security and access automation. You can count on under one roof source reliability offered at TEKNOAIDS. Our diverse capabilities assure you of getting the most cost effective solution and dependable products with TEKNOAIDS back up and maintenance services.

Exceptional functional and technical expertise coupled with extensive industry knowledge makes TEKNOAIDS the company Pakistan trusts.

### Walk through gate

This system is ideal for large pedestrian places. It enables the security profession also to scan the people more frequently and in a best manner before entering a building.

**X-Ray baggage scanner**

Baggage scanner are used for screening large objects e.g. bags, parcels, boxes and other luggage and thus it is an essential item for airports.

**Mail scanner**

Mail scanners are used for screening mail and small parcels.

**Explosive/Narcotics detector**

The detection of explosive material and chemicals has always been considered a major security problem. With the help of this detector threats from explosives, chemicals, narcotics etc can be prevented.

**Mine detector**

This detector provides overall superior performance in the areas of mine field.

**Road blocker**

This system is used to stop forced vehicle entry. It is manufactured with metal sheets and operated with hydraulic controls.

**Automated tyre buster**

Specially designed tyre killers damages tyres of vehicles, which enters the restricted area without security clearance. It can also be used as directional traffic flow control system.

**Motorized road barrier**

This elector mechanical system is ideal to control the roadway traffic with ease and efficiency. The system can be controlled either by the security operator or the drover himself.

**Automated bollards**

Bollards are used against forced vehicle entry. Hydraulic operated bollards are best alternate to road blocker.

**Swing/sliding gate automation**

Automatic gates are used to open and close any type of swing or sliding gate with the help of remote control or push button. It can be installed on existing gates.

**Roller shutter automation**

Roller shutters can be raised and lowered with a remote control or by manual push button. Installation is quick and easy and can be applied on existing shutters.



## THE NGO WORLD

**Contact Person:** Zafar Iqbal  
**Address:** House No.09 Block No.Z, Housing Colony, College Road, Layyah- Punjab  
**Telephone Number:** +92 0606 410801  
**Email Address:** [thengoworld@yahoo.com](mailto:thengoworld@yahoo.com)

### Introduction:

Initially The NGO World was an online forum of NGO sector professionals for sharing activities, knowledge, best practices, success stories, case studies, job opportunities, training alerts and achievements; it also started field activities by getting registered under societies act 1860.

**Registered head office:** The Registered office of the Organization will be the office of; The NGO World 22-A (Choudhary House) Civil Line Khanewal. Tel: 065-2551024

**General Objectives:** The aims & objectives of the Organization shall be as under; The Organization will be non-political and non-discriminatory working for the following broad objectives;

- Human Resource Development
- Natural Resource Management
- Capacity building
- Strengthening participatory approach by networking and coordination
- Health and Education
- Rural Development
- Environmental Sustainability
- Welfare, Relief & Rehabilitation

**Specific Objectives:** The specific objectives will be as under;

- ✓ Universal Primary Education
- ✓ Promote gender equality & Empowerment of women
- ✓ Reduce child mortality
- ✓ Improve maternal mortality
- ✓ Combat HIV/AIDS, Malaria and other diseases
- ✓ Ensure environmental sustainability

- ✓ Eradicate extreme Poverty and Hunger
- ✓ Provision of healthy, literary and cultural environment

### Strategy

- To provide awareness to communities for identification, prioritizing of services delivery gaps and resource mobilization for their redress.
- To supplement basic health care and education services delivery.
- To provide resource development skills for earning descent livelihood
- To provide recreational activities for youth to keep them away from anti-social activities.
- Culture and Literary events.
- Efforts for socio-economic betterment
- Coordination with other organizations and community groups to enhance development process

During the recent floods, The NGO World team remained actively involved from very early days of emergency in provision of relief services with support of local philanthropists' and volunteers. Later on it got financial support from a Turkish organization "DENIZ FENERI" (Light House Association) and planned following projects of relief, early recovery and rehabilitation in districts Layyah and Muzaffargarh. Following projects are in progress;

- 1- INSTALLATION OF 1000 BIOSAND WATER FILTERS
- 2- CONSTRUCTION OF COMPLETE HOMES (TWO ROOM)
- 3- DISTRIBUTION OF CONSTRUCTION MATERAIL (100 SINGLE ROOMS)
- 4- REVIVAL OF FLOOD AFFECTED HOMEBASED CARPET INDUSTRY (LAYYAH)
- 5- REHABILITATION OF DESTROYED FEEDER SCHOOLS (LAYYAH)
- 6- DISTRIBUTION OF FOOD ITEMS & NFIS
- 7- DISTRIBUTION OF FODDER SEED
- 8- WATER QUALITY TESTING
- 9- FREE HEALTH SERVICES
- 10- ASDULT LITERACY CENTERS
- 11- QURBANI PROGRAM 2010

## THE SALVATION ARMY

**Contact Person:** MACDONALD Chandi  
**Address:** 35 Shah Rah-e-Fatima Jinnah, Lahore-5400,  
**Telephone Number:** 042 7581644  
**Fax No.** 042 7572699  
**Email Address:** [macdonald\\_chandi@pak.salvationarmy.org](mailto:macdonald_chandi@pak.salvationarmy.org)

### The Salvation Army

The Salvation Army is an integral part of the Christian Church, although distinctive in government and practice. The Army's doctrine following the mainstream of Christian belief and its articles of faith emphasise God's saving purposes. Its objectives that are beneficial to society of the community of mankind are as a whole. The Salvation Army's Mission Statement clearly states:

"The Salvation Army, an international movement, is an evangelical part of Christian Church. Its message is based on the Bible. Its ministry is motivated by the love of God. Its mission is to preach the gospel of Jesus Christ and to meet human needs in His name without discrimination. It has 60,000 members of its congregations scattered through Pakistan.

Although founded in 1865 by William Booth, The Salvation Army has spread from London, England, to many parts of the world now, including Pakistan in 1883. The country now has 60,000 members meeting in congregations scattered through Pakistan. The Salvation Army is locally registered in 124 countries.

### Emergency Services

Emergency and disasters come in many shapes and sizes - some like the tsunami of 2004, the events of 11 September 2001 and the recent earthquake in Japan. Other emergencies touch the lives of thousands yet appear to go unnoticed. The Salvation Army Emergency Services is a department in Pakistan Territorial Headquarters and that is always there to help and serve the ones who are suffering.

## Salvation Army Pakistan Emergency Services Responses for the following Disasters in Pakistan

### 1. 9/11 2001 Afghan Refugees in Peshawar

Following Food items were given to *two thousand families* every week in Peshawar near the university town for consecutive six months.

1. Flour
2. 3 types of pulses
3. Sugar
4. Cooking oil
5. Rice
6. Tea leaves

### 2. Earthquake 2005 in Balakot with the help of Pakistan Army –

- **Supplied Non-food items** given to more than two thousand three hundred (2,300) families including tents, tin sheets for roof, quilts and mattresses
- **Constructed a new Secondary school** in Mang village for 800 children
- **Provided water pipes and tanks** from spring water in Union council Satanic for 40 villages.

### 3. Baluchistan Earthquake 2008 – Non food items given to more than one thousand, five hundred (1,500) families

1. 1,500 Winterised tents
2. Basic utensils
3. Quilts

### 4. Internally Displaced People 2009, KPK - Non food items –

**Mardan, Noshara, Peshawar** food items given to more than One thousand, five hundred (1,500) families

1. Tents
2. Quilts
3. Pillows
4. Utensils
5. Portable Wash rooms

### 5. 2010 Pakistan Flood effected – Non food items:

Including Khyber-Pakhtoonkwa, Central/South Punjab and Sindh (Hyderabad and Karachi)



Tents (4,625 regular, 500 winterised)  
 Quilts, Utensils and Mattresses for over 10,000  
 families

#### Contact Persons.

Colonel Robert Ward	- Territorial Commander
Lt. Colonel Yousaf Ghulam	- Chief Secretary
Captain Macdonald Chandi	- Director Emergency Services
Contact No. 042 7581644, 042 7569940 Fax.042 7572699	

## UN HABITAT

<b>Contact Person:</b>	<b>Zahid Nasim Khattak</b>
<b>Address:</b>	Serena Business Complex, Level 5, Serena Hotel, Islamabad.
<b>Telephone Number:</b>	+92 51 8357358
<b>Fax No.</b>	+92 51 8357351
<b>Email Address:</b>	<a href="mailto:zahid.khattak@unhabitat.org.pk">zahid.khattak@unhabitat.org.pk</a>

#### United Nations Human Settlements Programme, UN-HABITAT

The United Nations Human Settlements Programme, UN-HABITAT, is the United Nations agency for human settlements. It is mandated by the UN General Assembly to promote socially and environmentally sustainable towns and cities with the goal of providing adequate shelter for all.

UN-HABITAT plays an important role in providing technical assistance to countries and cities in the areas of governance, land and property rights, environmental management, disaster mitigation, post-conflict rehabilitation, urban safety, water management and poverty reduction. UN-HABITAT has over 150 technical programmes and projects working in normative and operational activities in over 60 countries. For more than 10 years, in support of the implementation of the Habitat Agenda, UN-HABITAT has been operating in humanitarian and crisis situations, supporting national governments, local authorities and civil society to strengthen their capacity to manage and recover from human-made and natural disasters and mitigate future disasters. The cornerstone of UN-HABITAT's strategy is sustainable relief and recovery leveraging investments in the emergency and recovery phases into the longer-term development of human settlements. Through participation at the earliest stages, UN-HABITAT ensures that human settlements interventions, either immediate emergency or transition recovery, are linked to longer-term development strategies in disaster hit countries.

In recognition of its contribution, in April 2004 UN-HABITAT was invited to bring to the Executive Committee for Humanitarian Affairs (ECHA) its perspectives and support to international interventions within the context of shelter and human settlements. In 2008 UN-HABITAT has been formally made a member of the International

Agency Standing Committee (IASC) as the global focal point for housing, land and property rights.

#### **Disaster Risk Management:**

Disaster Risk Management was developed as a theme for the One UN Joint Programme in Pakistan in the context of the multiple and high natural hazards, the opportunity to contribute to the development of new national institutions, policies and plans, and to optimize the capitalization of lessons learned from the extensive experience in the recovery after the 2005 earthquake including mainstreaming, institutionalization and transfer of tools, resources and best practices from the temporary authority established to lead and manage the earthquake response ERRA (Earthquake Reconstruction and Rehabilitation Authority) to long term and national stakeholders including NDMA (National Disaster Management Authority).

All projects in the One UN Joint Programme for Disaster Risk Management are developed in collaboration with the National Disaster Management Authority.

UN-HABITAT supported the National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) of the Government of Pakistan following June 2007's flood by conducting damage assessments, formulating reconstruction policies, and assisting in mapping and information services.

Furthermore, UN-HABIAT has formulated, designed and disseminated several technical information tools and guidelines for safer reconstruction in disaster stricken areas.

#### **Technical Support to Pakistan Census Organization:**

UN-HABITAT Pakistan is helping build the capacity of Pakistan Census Organization (PCO) through provision of technical expertise and equipments for up gradation of GIS labs for improved and more accurate results. The support includes provision of modern GIS equipments, preparation of guidelines for procurement of GIS hardware, Installation of Advanced GIS software's, development of GIS Training manuals, trainings on use of GIS and Advanced spatial analysis techniques, integration of Census data into Geo-Database for thematic mapping, creation of Map Catalogue for Census Data and preparation of Compact disks containing Maps for dissemination.

## **UNHCR**

#### **Contact Person:**

**Rabia Ali**

#### **Address:**

House No. 01, Gul Mohar Lane,  
University Town, Peshawar

#### **Telephone Number:**

+92 91 5842375

#### **Fax No.**

+92 91 5842102

#### **Email Address:**

[alir@unhcr.org](mailto:alir@unhcr.org)

#### **Basic Facts:**

The Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees was established on December 14, 1950 by the United Nations General Assembly. The agency is mandated to lead and co-ordinate international action to protect refugees and resolve refugee problems worldwide. Its primary purpose is to safeguard the rights and well-being of refugees. It strives to ensure that everyone can exercise the right to seek asylum and find safe refuge in another State, with the option to return home voluntarily, integrate locally or to resettle in a third country. In more than five decades, the agency tens of millions of people restart their lives. Today, a staff of around 6, 600 people in more than 110 countries continues to help 34 million people.

#### **Mission statement**

UNHCR is mandated by the United Nations to lead and coordinate international action for the worldwide protection of refugees and the resolution of refugee problems.

UNHCR's primary purpose is to safeguard the rights and well-being of refugees. In its efforts to achieve this objective, UNHCR strives to ensure that everyone can exercise the right to seek asylum and find safe refuge in another State, and to return home voluntarily. By assisting refugees to return to their own country or to settle permanently in another country, UNHCR also seeks lasting solutions to their plight.

UNHCR's efforts are mandated by the organization's Statute, and guided by the 1951 United Nations Convention relating to the Status of Refugees and its 1967 Protocol. International refugee law provides an essential framework of principles for UNHCR's humanitarian activities. UNHCR seeks to reduce situations of forced displacement by encouraging states and other institutions to create conditions which are



conducive to the protection of human rights and the peaceful resolution of disputes. In pursuit of the same objective, UNHCR actively seeks to consolidate the reintegration of returning refugees in their country of origin, thereby averting the recurrence of refugee-producing situations. UNHCR is an impartial organization, offering protection and assistance to refugees and others on the basis of their needs and irrespective of their race, religion, political opinion or gender. In all of its activities, UNHCR pays particular attention to the needs of children and seeks to promote the equal rights of women and girls.

## UNICEF

**Contact Person:**
**Saeed Ahmad**
**Address:**

 14-A, Park Road, University Town,  
Peshawar

**Telephone Number:**

+92 91 5701311

**Fax No.**

+92 91 57013

**Email Address:**
[saahmad@unicef.org](mailto:saahmad@unicef.org)

United Nations Children Fund (UNICEF) was established in 1946 and is currently working in 190 countries and national committees across the globe. UNICEF is the driving force that helps build a world where the rights of every child are realized. UNICEF have the global authority to influence decision-makers, and the variety of partners at grassroots level to turn the most innovative ideas into reality. The focused areas of UNICEF are Primary Education, Mother and Child Health and Nutrition (MCHN), Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) and Child Protection.

UNICEF believes that nurturing and caring for children are the cornerstones of human progress. UNICEF was created with this purpose in mind – to work with others to overcome the obstacles that poverty, violence, disease and discrimination place in a child's path.

UNICEF advocates for measures to give children the best start in life, because proper care at the youngest age forms the strongest foundation for a person's future. UNICEF promotes girls' education – ensuring that they complete primary education as a minimum – because it benefits all children, both girls and boys. Girls who are educated grow up to become better thinkers, better citizens, and better parents to their own children.

UNICEF acts so that all children are immunized against common childhood diseases, and are well nourished, because it is wrong for a child to suffer or die from a preventable illness.

Preventing the spread of HIV/AIDS among young people is another priority because it is right to keep them from harm and enable them to protect others. Children and families affected by HIV/AIDS are supported for a dignified and respected life.

Everyone is involved in creating protective environments for children, to relieve suffering during emergencies, and wherever children are threatened, because no child should be exposed to violence, abuse or exploitation.

UNICEF upholds the Convention on the Rights of the Child and is working to assure equality for those who are discriminated against, girls and women in particular. Millennium Development Goals and the progress promised in the United Nations Charter are being promoted. Striving for peace and security and working to hold everyone accountable to the promises made for children is mandate of UNICEF. UNICEF is part of the Global Movement for Children – a broad coalition dedicated to improving the life of every child. Through this movement, and events such as the United Nations Special Session on Children, we encourage young people to speak out and participate in the decisions that affect their lives.

## UNIVERSAL TRADING CORPORATION

**Contact Person:** Rana Zahid Hussain  
**Address:** Alfaisal Town, D Block, 9-Bahar Shah Road, Lahore Cantt, Pakistan  
**Telephone Number:** +92 42 36633301  
**Fax No.** +92 42 36633305  
**Email Address:** [utc@brain.net.pk](mailto:utc@brain.net.pk)

**Establishment date:**  
1983

**Import And Export Registration Numbers:**  
 Exports registration no. W-129108  
 Imports registration no. 023070

**Number of Employees:**  
 A) Management – 10 Persons  
 B) Skilled Manpower – 25 Persons

**Local Business Membership:**  
 A) Lahore Chamber of Commerce and Industry – Membership No.19155-A  
 B) Pakistan Canvas and Tents Manufacturers and Exporters Association– Membership No. PCRMEA-274

**Company Status:** Partnership Concern

**Name of Executives & Their Designations:**  
 A) Rana Zahid Hussain – Managing Partner  
 B) Rana Javeed Iqbal – Partner  
 C) Rana Ahmed Shahbaz – Partner  
 D) Rana Tahir Abbas – Partner  
 E) Rana Amjad Hussain – Partner  
 F) Rana Rizwan Zahid – Partner



G) Rana Faizan Zahid – Partner

**Line of Business:**

Manufactures and Exporters of all type of tents, canvas, tarpaulins, kit bags, coveralls, aprons, napkins, dusters, grey fabric, bed sheets, pillow covers, body covers, sleeping bags, cotton webbing, rope, newar, mosquito nets, relief blankets, towels, bathrobes, jerry cans, kitchen sets, and cleaning items (MOPS) and other textile madeups.

**Achievements:**

- A) Best performance – LCCI achievement award, 2006
- B) 1<sup>st</sup> party in Pakistan, who are iso-9002 qualified in this specific field from SGS European quality certifications institute, Belgium
- C) ISO 9001:2008 & ISO 14001:2004 from international industrial certification Co.ltd. Seoul-Korea

**Bankers:**

Bank Alfalah Limited, Islamic Banking, Gulberg Branch, Lahore

**WILD LIFE DEPARTMENT KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA**

**Contact Person:**

**Sajjad Ali**

**Address:**

Forest Offices, Shami Road Peshawar

**Telephone Number:**

+92 91 9213112

**Fax No.**

+92 91 9212090

**Email Address:**

[sajad\\_wl@yahoo.com](mailto:sajad_wl@yahoo.com)

**Introduction**

NWFP Wildlife Department was notified as an attached Department in August, 1994, started as wing of Forest Department in 1975.

**Objective:**

1. Assist the government in formulation of enabling policy, legislation and regulations for sustainable development and management of wildlife and biodiversity in the province.
2. Enforcement of the policy, legislation and regulation of the Govt regarding wildlife and biodiversity in the province.
3. Establishment and maintenance of protected areas of various categories including national parks, wildlife sanctuaries, game reserves etc.
4. Maintain and promote the status of wildlife and biodiversity in the Province, both with in- situ and ex-situ conservation measures.
5. Serve as technical and focal department for the Government for the matters relating, to Wildlife and biodiversity in the Province.
6. Prepare, maintain and update wildlife data and state of affairs in the province.
7. Carry out conservation education and awareness raising regarding wildlife and biodiversity in the Province.
8. Prepare and implement periodic and annual development plans for wildlife and biodiversity in the Province.



## Achievements

1. **Protected Area Network by establishing the following**
  - 5 National Parks representing, subtropical deciduous forests (Sheikh Badin), Dry temperate forests (Chitral Gol), Moist temperate forests (Ayubia National Park), sub-alpine meadows (Saiful Malook) and alpine meadows (Lulusar/Dodipat);
  - 3 Wildlife sanctuaries;
  - 37 Game Reserves;
  - 99 Private/Community Game Reserves;
  - 5 Wildlife Parks (Manglot, Kotal, Tanda and Togh Mangara);
  - 2 Wildlife Refuge (crane refuge at Lakki and waterfowl refuge in D.I.Khan).
  - 1 Bear park (Kund)
  - 5 Pheasantries (Dhodial, Kohat, Bannu, Peshawar and Swat).
2. **Conservation of globally vulnerable endangered species including the following**
  - World largest population of Flared horned Markhor;
  - Largest surviving population of Western Tragopan pheasant;
  - Population of Himalayan ibex has shown an significant increase in its original home range.
  - Sustaining a viable population of snow leopard;
  - Status of all major mammals has improved;
  - Status of all five pheasant species has improved.
3. **Education and awareness through the establishment of**
  - 215 Wildlife School Nature Clubs through out the Province;
  - A network of community managed areas through out the Province;
  - Support to international NGO's.
4. **Capacity building**
  - 11 Officers trained in Wildlife Management from UK / USA
  - 2 Officials trained in Photography and GIS from UK

## PHOTO GALLERY

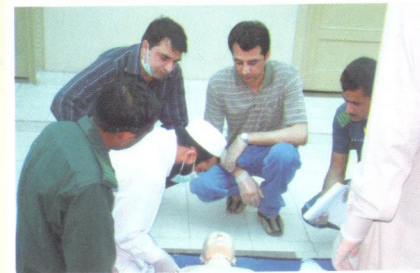




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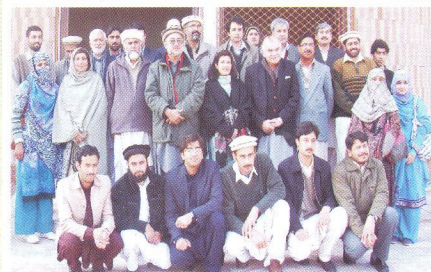


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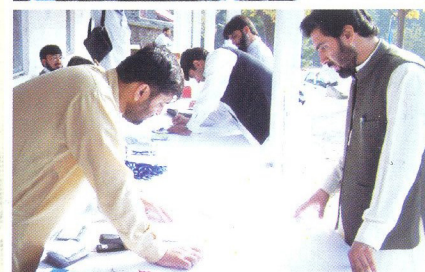
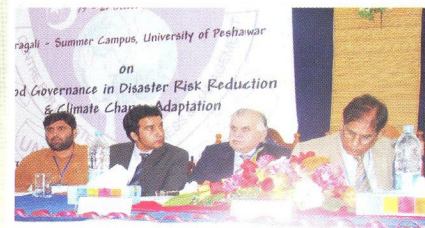




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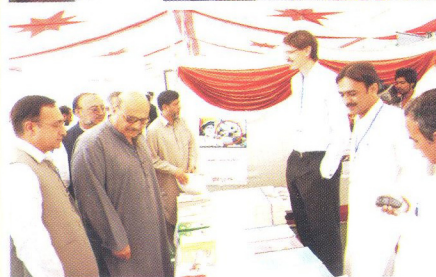


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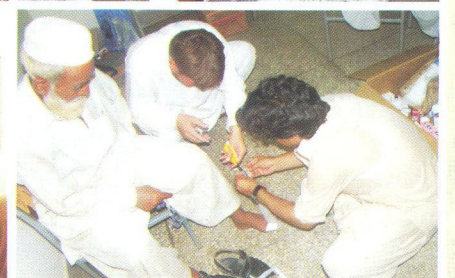
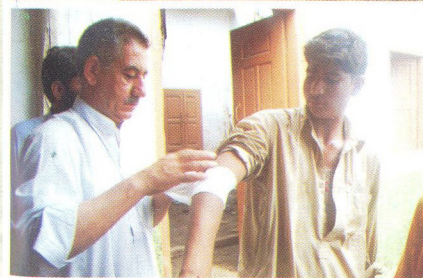
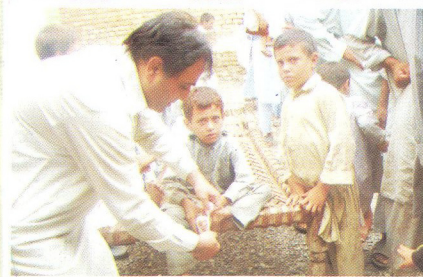
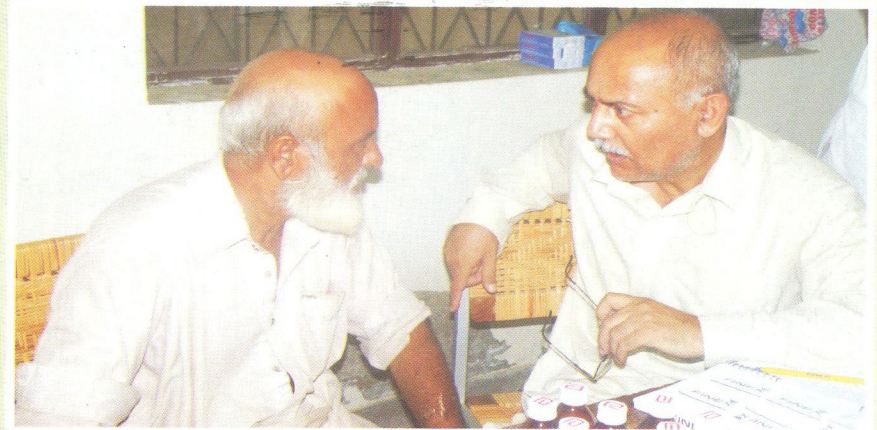




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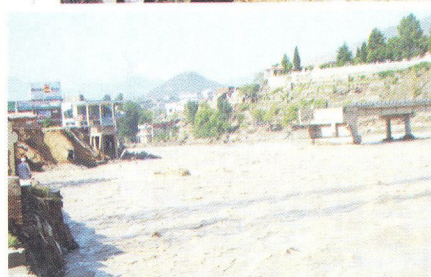
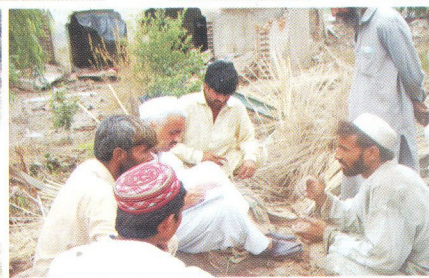
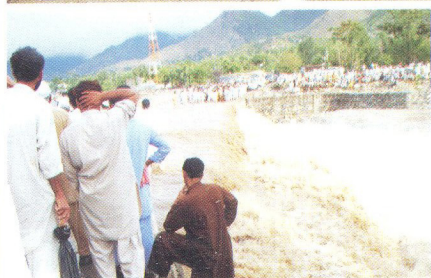
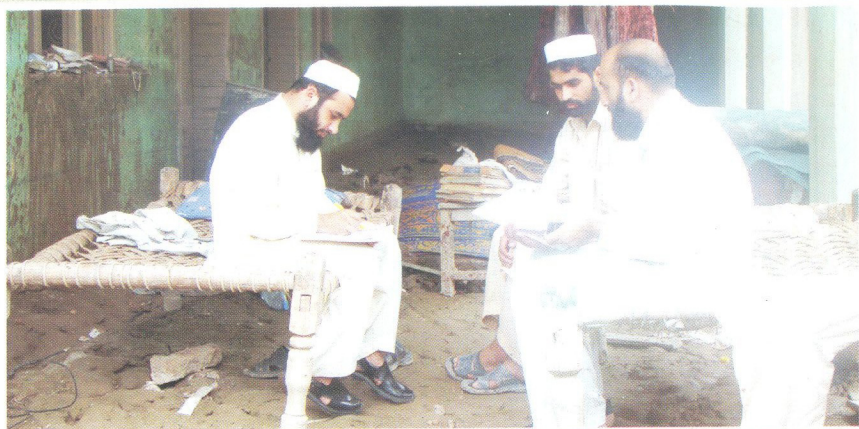


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**CENTRE FOR DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGEMENT,  
UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR - PAKISTAN**

Phone: + 92 91 5853536 Fax: +92 91 5840348

<http://cdpm.upesh.edu.pk>